Cambria Freeman.

H. A. McPIKE, Editor and Publisher. "HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE, AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE." Terms, $2 per year, in advance.

VOLUME XII. EBENSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MAY 10, 1878. NUMBER 16.

STATEMENT OF SETTLEMENT with the Street Commissioner, Collector and Treasurer of Chest Springs Borough, April 8, 1878:

M. L. LEAVY, Street Commissioner, DR.

To Road and Cash Duplicate	$94 22	
" F. P. Tierney's pavement bill	20.73	
" Catharine McGuire's pavement bill	38.60	
" am't due Cornelius McGuire's heirs	20.73	
" balance of S. M. Douglass's bill	15.09	$193.37

CR.

By work on streets and orders	$81.17	
" per centage on cash tax	2 29	
" order of A. Callahan, No. 3	1 80	
" mistake of Council	3.01	$8.21
Balance due Borough		$105.10

ANDREW CALLAHAN, Collector, DR.

To am't of Bounty Duplicate		$95.16

CR.

By exonerations	$ 3 33	
" am't paid over	60.00	
" per centage for collecting and paying over	7 13	
" receipt of Henry Mellon	12.00	82.46
Balance due Borough		$12.70

S. M. DOUGLASS, DR.

To balance at last settlement		$122.65

CR.

By F. P. Tierney's pavement bill	$20.73	
" Catharine McGuire's pavement bill	38.60	
" am't due Cornelius McGuire's heirs	20.73	
" balance of S. M. Douglass's duplicate, given to M. L. Leavy to collect	15.09	
" P. Jacob's sidewalk bill, charged twice	9.93	105.08
Balance due Borough		$17 57

M. J. COOPER, DR.

To am't on Duplicate		$80.95

CR.

By am't paid Henry Mellon per receipt	$23.83	
" exonerations	9.72	$35.55
Balance due Borough		$47.20

LEONARD HOLLIS, DR.

To balance on Duplicate		$13.76

CR.

By order of H. J. Hads		5.25
Balance due Borough		$ 8.51

We do certify the above statement to be correct.

C. D. WHARTON, W. W. SAUPP, THOS. CALLAHAN, } Auditors.

Attest—CHARLES WHARTON, Clerk.
April 26, 18.8.-3t.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of sundry writs of *Fi. Fa.* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the hotel of Conrad Rush, in Johnstown,

On Saturday, May 18th, 1878,

at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following real estate to wit:

ALL the right, title and interest of Lewis Wehn, of, in, and to a lot of ground situate in the Third ward, Johnstown borough, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on the east on Clinton street, adjoining lot of C. Kimple on the south, and lot of S. Lenhart on the north, extending back to lot of E. Recke, having thereon erected a two-story brick building, now in the occupancy of Lewis Wehn. *Also*, all the right, title, and interest of Lewis Wehn, Charles Wehn, Anton Seeger, of, in, and to a lot of ground situate in the Fourth ward, Johnstown borough, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on the west on Adams street, adjoining lot of Thomas Watkins on the south, and lot of John Jones on the north, running back to lands of Cambria Iron Co., having thereon erected a two-story and part one-story frame building, now used as a brewery, and plank stable, now in the occupancy of Charles Wehn. *Also*, all the right, title and interest of Lewis Wehn, Charles Wehn, Anton Seeger, of, in, and to a lot of ground situate in the Fourth ward, Johnstown borough, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on the east on Adams street, adjoining lot of Rinehart Bender on the north, and Bedford street on the south, lot of Jacob Levergood on the west, having thereon erected a plank shed, not now occupied. *Also*, all the right, title and interest of Anton Seeger, of, in, and to a lot of ground situate in the Fourth ward, Johnstown borough, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on the Johnstown and Scalp Level Turnpike, adjoining lot of George Glissner on the south, and lot of —— Callahan on the north, extending back to —— street, having thereon erected a one and one-half story plank house and plank stable, now in the occupancy of Anton Seeger. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Everhart Stemmer, for use of John White, Jr., & Son, now for use of John Dibert & Co.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid when the property is knocked down, and the remaining two-thirds *before* the confirmation of the deed.

JOHN RYAN, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, April 20, 1878.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP ROAD DEPARTMENT, for the year ending April 8th, 1878:

CHRISTOPHER ROHENA, DR.

To amount of Duplicate	$1,687 70	
" " of order to balance	50.83	$1,138.53

CR.

By amount of orders redeemed	$392 09	
" returned to Commissioners	27.85	
" taxes worked	524 37	
" Auditor's exonerations	12 45	
" 4 days' services as Supervisor	45.00	
" 3½ days' horse and cart hire	83 69	
" percentage on $68.51 @ 5 p. c.	3.72	
" cash paid for work, etc.	49.66	$1,138.83

JAMES FARREN, DR.

To amount of Duplicate	$549 75	
" order to balance	26.42	$576.17

CR.

By am't taxes worked	$476 19	
" am't orders redeemed	16.64	
" 92 days' services	62 00	
" Auditor's exonerations	8 64	
" am't returned to Commissioners	12.70	$576 17

We, the undersigned Auditors of Washington township, do certify the above accounts to be correct.

C. A. McGONIGLE, JAMES NOON, } Auditors.
TUNNEL HILL HONOHAN,

Attest—JACOB BUHROON, Twp. Clerk.

HANDS OFF!—All persons are hereby cautioned against interfering in any way with the following described property, bought by me at Constable's sale and left with Wm. McNulty of Carroll township, until I see fit to remove or otherwise dispose of it, viz: 2 young cows, 1 cow, 6 shoats, 1 plough, 1 harrow, 1 cook stove, 1 heating stove, 1 cupboard, 6 chairs, 1 table, 1 clock, and 4 bedsteads and bedding.

ANSELM WEAKLEN.
Carroll Twp., April 19, 1878.-3t.*

DR. M. J. BUCK, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, ALTOONA, PA. Office at 1318 Eleventh avenue, between 13th and 14th streets, where night calls can be made. Office hours from 8 to 10, A. M., and from 2 to 4 and 6 to 8, P. M. Special attention paid to Diseases of the Eye and Ear, as well as to Surgical Operations of every description. [4.19.-tf.]

W. H. ECK, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, CARROLLTOWN, PA. Office in John W. Sharbaugh's building, north of the church, where night calls can be made. Consultations in German as well as English. [3-8.-3m.]

A. M. KEIM, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Ebensburg, Pa. Office recently occupied by Dr. J. J. Oatman, two doors west of Blair House, High st., where night calls can be made. Consultations in German as well as English. [9-5.-tf.]

JOHN MURPHY, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Cambria county, Pa. Night calls can be made at the residence of Jas. P. Murray. [8-22.-tf. $4*.]

SOMEBODY'S MOTHER.

The woman was old and ragged and gray,
And bent with the chill of the winter's day;
The street was wet with a recent snow,
And the woman's feet were aged and slow.

She stood at the crossing and waited long,
Alone uncared for, amid the throng
Of human beings who passed her by,
Nor heeded the glance of her anxious eye.

Down the street with laughter and shout,
Glad in the freedom of school let out,
Came the boys like a flock of sheep,
Hailing the snow piled white and deep,

Past the woman, so old and gray,
Hastened the children on their way.
Nor offered a helping hand to her,
So meek, so timid, afraid to stir.

Lest the carriage wheels or the horse's feet
Should crowd her down in the slippery street.
At last came one of the merry troop—
The gayest laddie of all the group:

He paused beside her and whispered low:
"I'll help you across if you wish to go."
Her aged hand on his strong young arm,
She placed, and so, without hurt or harm,

He guided the trembling feet along,
Proud that his own were firm and strong.
Then back again to his friends he went,
His young heart happy and well content.

"She's somebody's mother, boys, you know,
For all she's old, and poor and slow,"
"And I hope some fellow will lend a hand
To help my mother, you understand,
"If ever she's poor, and old and gray,
When her own dear boy is far away."

And "somebody's mother" bowed low her head
In her home that night, and the prayer she said
Was: "God be kind to the noble boy,
Who is somebody's son and pride and joy!"

THE STONE CUTTER'S STORY.

He was whistling over his work, careless from long custom of the solemn significance of the letters he was cutting in the white marble. The June sun was nearly at the end of the day's journey, sinking slowly to rest upon the bosom of the broad Atlantic, whose waves washed the shores of the little seaport town of Monkton. A stranger, handsomely dressed in gray, with large, lustrous brown eyes, came to the fence that was around the yard where the stone cutter worked, and read the lettering, almost completed, upon the tombstone—

HIRAM GOLDBY,
Aged 35.
Lost at sea, January, 1866.

The last six was nearly completed. A strange pallor gathered for a moment upon the stranger's face, and then he drew a long, deep breath, and said—

"Is not ten years a long time to be cutting letters on a tombstone, friend?"

"Eh, sir?"

The stone cutter looked, shading his eyes with his brown hand, as he turned his face to the setting sun.

"This is 1876," was the grave reply, "and Hiram Goldby must have been ten years under the waves."

"Well, sir, that's the question—is he there?"

"Is he there? Your stone tells us he is and has been for ten years."

"Yes, sir, so it does—so it does. And yet she has ordered it. She came over a week or so back with a worried look upon her sweet face that I never seen any but patient in ten long years, and she said to me: 'You may cut a stone, Davy,' she says, 'and have it put up in the churchyard, and I don't want to see it. I'll pay you whatever you choose to ask, Davy,' says she, 'but he's not dead and don't want a tombstone.' 'Lor' mum,' says I, 'he'd a turned up in all these years if he was not dead.' But she shook her pretty head, the prettiest I ever seen, sir, and said she: 'My heart never told me that he was dead, Davy, and I'll never believe it till my heart tells me so.'"

"His sweetheart?" questioned the stranger.

"His wife, sir, his loving, faithful wife that's had poverty, an' loneliness an' misery, her full share, an' might ha' bettered herself."

"How was that?"

"Mr. Miles, sir, the richest shipowner hereabouts, he waited patiently for seven long years, trying to win her. Then he said that she was free even if Hiram came back."

"Enoch Arden," muttered the stranger.

"What did you say, sir?"

"Nothing, nothing. What answer did the widow make Mr. Miles?"

"'If Hiram's dead,' says she, 'I'm his faithful widow while I live. If Hiram's living, I'm his faithful wife.' Maybe you're from the city, sir, and have heard the story of our peril?"

"What story is that?"

"Well, sir, it's been told many times, more particularly in the last year, but you're welcome to what I know of it. There that 6 is done, and I'll leave the scripture text till morning. If you'll come to the gateway, and take a seat on some of the stones, I'll tell you. That is if you care to hear it."

"I do care," was the grave reply; "I want very much to hear the story."

"Maybe you're some kin to the Pearl of Monkton—that's what they call Mrs. Goldby hereabouts. It's a matter of thirty-three years back, sir, that there was a wreck off Monkton rocks, that you can see from here, sir, now tide's low. Cruel rocks they are, and many a wreck they've seen, the more the pity. You see them, sir?"

"I see them."

"Well, sir, this one wreck, thirty-three years ago, there was nothing washed ashore but a bit of a girl baby, three or four years old, with a skin like a lily leaf, and great black eyes; Hiram Goldby found her in the rocks. He was a boy of twelve years, strong and tall, and he carried the child in his arms to his mother. You may see the cottage, sir, the second white one on the side of the hill."

"I see it."

"Well, Hiram took the baby there, an' Mrs. Goldby was the same as a mother to her—a good woman, the widow Goldby—God bless her soul!"

"Is she dead, then?"

"Aye, sir, six years agone. The baby I was telling you of, sir, talked a foreign lingo, and was dressed beautiful in rich clothes, that must have cost a power of money. But never would Hiram or the widow sell them, putting them up carefully, in case the child was ever looked for. She was that pretty, sir, and that dainty, that everybody called her Pearl, though she was not like our girls, but afraid, always deadly afraid of the sea. I've seen her clench her mite of a hand and strike at it, for she had a bit of a temper in her, though nothing to harm.

"When Hiram made his first voyage, for they were all seafaring men hereabout, and there was nothing for a lad to do but ship, the Pearl was just a little washed out billy, a fretting until he came home again. And it was so whenever he went, for they were sweethearts from the time he nestled her baby face on his breast, when he picked her up from the wreck. She was sixteen when they were married, as near as we could guess; Hiram was a man of twenty-four. She prayed him stay home then, and he stayed a year, but he fretted for the sea, and went again, thinking, I s'pose, that his wife would get used to it, as all wives hereabouts must do. But she never did—never. It was just pitiful to see her go about, white as a corpse, when Hiram went away, never looking at the sea with out a shudder like a death chill. All through the war it was just awful, for Hiram 'listed on board a man-o'-war, and Pearl was just a shadow when he came home the last time."

"After the war?"

"Yes, sir; but he made no money of any account, and so he went again, after staying home a long spell. Well, he never came back. 'Twasn't no manner of use a telling Pearl he was lost; she'd just shake her pretty head and say: 'He'll come back.' Not a mite of mourning would she wear, even after his own mother gave him up and put on black; for, sir, it stands to reason he's dead years ago."

"It looks so."

"Of course it does. Nobody else doubts it but Mrs. Golosby. Old Mrs. Gouldby's last words were: 'I'm going to meet Hiram,' and they say the dying know. But even then that didn't make Pearl think so. She wore mourning for her that had been the only mother she knowed of, but not weeds. Weeds was for widows, she said, and she wasn't a widow."

"But the stone?"

"Well, sir, I'm coming to that. A year ago, sir, a fine gentleman from France came here hunting for a child lost on this coast. He'd heard of Pearl by happenstances, if there is such, and came here. When he saw the clothes, he just fainted like a woman."

"She was related, then?"

The stranger's voice was husky, but the sea air was growing chill.

"Her father, sir."

"He took her away?"

"He tried to. He told her of a splendid home he had in New York, for he'd followed his wife and child, sir, to the city they had never reached. He was rich and lonely. He begged his child to go, but she would not. 'Hiram will come here for me,' she said, 'and he must find me where he left me.'"

"On what has she lived?"

"Sewing, sir, mostly. The cottage was old Mrs. Goldby's and bless you, Pearl didn't eat much more than a bird, and her dresses cost next to nothing. But there's no denying she was very poor—very, and yet the grand home and big fortune never tempted her. So her father came on and on to see her, until April. An' he died, sir, an' left our Pearl all his fortune and the grand house in New York. But she'll not go, sir. She'll die here waiting for Hiram, who'll never come."

The stranger lifted his face, that had been half hidden in his hand, and said—

"There was a shipwreck in the Pacific ocean, Davy, years and years ago, and one man only was saved—saved, Davy, by savages, who made him a slave, the worst of slaves! But one day this sailor saved the life of the chief's daughter, who was in the coils of a huge snake, and the chief released him. More than that, he gave him choice spices and woods, and sent him aboard the first passing ship. So the sailor landed in a great city, sold his presents, and put the gold in safe keeping. Then he traveled till he reached the seaport town where he was born, and coming there at sunset, heard the story of his life from the lips of a man cutting his tombstone."

Not a word spoke Davy. Standing erect he seized an immense sledge hammer, and with powerful blows from strong uplifted arms, dashed the marble into fragments. Then, panting with exertion, he held out his brawny hand to the stranger—a stranger no longer.

"I've done no better work in my life than I've done in the last five minutes, Hiram. Go home man, an make Pearl's heart glad."

"She don't need it, Hiram—she don't need it. You asked me about the stone. The neighbors drove her to ordering it, twitting her that now she was rich, she grudged the stone to her husband's memory. So she told me to cut it, but says:—'Don't put dead upon it, Davy. Put lost at sea, for Hiram's lost, but he'll be found and come back to me.' She never looked at it, Hiram, never. And there's not an hour, nor hasn't been in ten years, that she's not been looking for you to come back. Go to her, man, and the Lord's blessing be upon both of you."

So grasping the hard, brown hand, Hiram Goldby took the path to the little white cottage where he had been born forty-five years before. The sun had set, and darkness was gathering, but a little gleam of light streamed from the window of his cottage. He drew near softly, and standing on the seat of the porch looked over the half curtain into the neat but poor sitting room.

It was not the grand house, Pearl's heritage in New York, but Pearl was there. A slender woman, with a pale, sweet face, and black hair smoothly banded and gathered into rich braids at the back of her shapely head. Her dress was a plain dark one, with white ruffles, cuffs and apron. She had been sewing, but her work was put aside, and presently she came to the open window and drew aside the curtain. She did not see the tall figure drawn closely against the wall in the narrow porch, but her dark eyes looked mournfully toward the sea, glimmering in the half light.

"My darling!" she whispered, "are you dead, and has your spirit come to take mine where we will part no more?"

Only the wash of waves below answered her. Sighing softly, she said: "Is my darling coming? I feel him so near to me I could almost grasp him."

She stretched out her arms over the low window sill, and a low voice answered her: "Pearl! Pearl!"

The arms that had so long grasped only empty air were filled then, as Hiram stood under the low window.

"Do not move, love," she whispered, pressing her soft lips to his; "I always wake when you move."

"But now," he said, "you are already awake. See, Pearl, your trust was heaven given. It is myself, your fond true husband, little one, who will never leave you again."

"It is true. You have come!" she cried at last, bursting into a torrent of happy tears. "I knew you were not dead. You could not be dead and my heart not tell me."

It was long before they could think of anything but the happiness of reunion after the many years of separation, but, at last, drawing Pearl closer, Hiram whispered, "I walked from J——, love, and I am enormously hungry."

And Pearl's merry laugh chased the last shadows from her happy face, and she bustled about the room preparing supper.

"Supper for two!" she cried gleefully.

The grand house in New York is tenanted by its owners, and Hiram goes to sea no more; but in the summer time two happy people come for a quiet month to the little white cottage at Monkton, and have always to listen to Davy's tale of the evening when he was cutting Hiram Goldby's tombstone, and ended by mashing it into atoms.

"For," is the invariable ending of the tale, "Pearl was right and we were wrong, all of us; for Hiram Goldby was lost at sea, sure enough, but he was not dead, and he came to her faithful love as she always said he would."

A LIGHT MULATTO CHANGED TO A JET BLACK.—One of those unaccountable freaks of nature which puzzle the brain of the scientist has just come to notice in West Baltimore, and furnishes the medical fraternity in particular with food for thought and theme for conversation. The case is that of a colored woman about forty-five years of age, who died last week in a house on West Lexington street from a complication of disease.

Eight years ago this woman was a light mulatto, and at the time of her death, according to the testimony of several physicians and others who saw her, she was as black as midnight. The change during this period of eight years was so gradual, but so certain withal, that the family with whom she lived could readily perceive the color as it deepened from light yellow into a shining black.

The whole system of the woman underwent a complete transformation. From a stout, portly, and unwieldy person, who used to attract the notice of persons on account of her size, she dwindled away into the thin, spare and regular form of the typical spinster. The physician who had been attending her for the last four years said he could not fathom the mysteries of the case, and does not know to what cause he may attribute the transformation that was apparent to the eyes of all who knew the woman. She herself was very sensitive about the matter, and before her death she could not bear to hear any one pass any remarks on the change that had been made in her personal appearance. She was a Virginian owned at one time by the family of D. Wade, of the firm of D. Wade & Co., wholesale druggists, on South Howard street.—*Baltimore News.*

"IF I was as flat footed as you are, I wouldn't be afraid of slipping on the ice," said one gent to another, in front of our office the other day. "Yes," was the response, "some people are flat on one end and some on the other!" The first speaker looked thoughtful, but said nothing.

Bird's-eye View, John Wanamaker's Grand Depot, Thirteenth Street.

SPRING, 1878.

Silks
Dress Goods
Mourning Goods
Cloakings
Flannels
Linens
Muslins
White Goods
Laces
Ribbons
Trimmings
Embroideries
Fringes
Zephyrs and Worsteds
Neckwear
Gloves
Toilet Articles
Stationery
Flowers & Feathers

THE second year of the General Dry Goods Business at the Grand Depot is just opening. It is proper to say that what was deemed an experiment, the first year, experience proves to be a success, and we now propose to greatly improve on the first plans.

The principles of—

1—A uniform low price for everything throughout the House.
2—One Price and no partiality.
3—Politeness and Patience to rich and poor.
4—Cash Returned if buyers return goods (even though Dress Patterns) in reasonable time and uninjured.

A very large stock of all kinds of newest Dry Goods always on hand, arranged on one floor with plenty of light to see them. A thousand people can easily be waited on at one time. Where so many goods are selling every day the people are sure of getting only fresh goods. Earnestly desiring to serve the people well, and inviting them to visit the Grand Depot whether they wish to buy, or "only to see the fashions."

If not coming to the city to see the magnificent new stock for Spring, send for samples, describing class of goods wanted. We do a large business through the mail.

Very respectfully,

JOHN WANAMAKER,

Grand Depot. Thirteenth and Market Sts. PHILADELPHIA.

Ladies' & Misses' Suits
" Sacques & Cloaks
" Underwear
Hosiery
Upholstery Goods
Blankets and Quilts
Trunks and Valises
Rubber Goods
Horse Covers
Men's & Boys' Clothing
Hats
Shoes

MET BY CHANCE.

'Now, in Silverton, Nevada, we used to ——'

'Silverton?'

'Yes.'

'Nevada?'

'Yes.'

'Well! you're the first man I've seen from Silverton in a coon's age. I left there six years ago—left my wife there.'

Such was the passage of a conversation going on between two strangers taking a meal in a Utah restaurant, which attracted the attention of myself, eating at a different table. The man latest from Silverton was a short, stout, sandy looking man, with beard closely cropped, and a scar, beginning—as I suppose—somewhere in the hair of his head, thence running down the forehead along the right of the nose, making nicks in the lower part of the nose and in the lips, then disappearing in the beard of the chin. It looked as if some one had started to skin him, and given it up on the offer of a better job. The other man was tall, quick-spoken, nervous, and dark-looking, with beard streaked with gray; and he would have been cross-eyed if he had two eyes; as it was, his one eye was set crossing.

'Well! how is Silverton now?" continued the dark-looking man.

'Oh, petered!'

'Anybody there?'

'Few old fellows sticking to claims that they think there's something in. They'll stay till Gabriel's trump races them out.'

'Did you know Tom Slemmons?'

'Yes; killed himself drinking whisky.'

'What became of John Littlefield?'

'Mose Lawler killed him in a fight over the Sweetly Dreaming claim.'

'Reckon Sandy Jones ain't there now?'

'Sold out of the Bet Your Boots for forty thousand, went back to Pike, and is cultivating a family.'

'Dick Branigan made money there?'

'Yes; but he's dead—whisky got him.'

'Did Harry Martin get rid of his money?'

'Yes; went to the Black Hills, and was killed by the Sioux.'

'Did his brother Thad go?'

'He went, made a big fortune out of the placers, and is a member of Congress from Nebraska now.'

'Alvin Sanders, who kept the Dew-of-Heaven saloon, has left, I suppose?' proceeded the one-eyed man.

'Left for good. Got loaded with a stray bullet while a row was going on in his saloon one night.'

'Wonder, what became of Pat Pyburn, who ran a saloon there—the Angelic?'

'He's a banker in San Francisco.'

'John Blogden had a bank in Silverton. Where's he banking now?'

'He's herding sheep for Tommy Pugmire, on Mud Lake.'

'Tommy, the bootblack?'

'The same; he got feet in the Sweet By-and-By, and sold for twenty thousand.'

'Did you know the Sloper boys?'

'Well, Harry Sloper is the Co. in Blasdale & Co., a mercantile firm in Hong Kong, China. Luke Sloper killed a China man in Slagtown, and got six months in the Carson Penitentiary. Long sentence just for killing a Chinaman! He'll be pardoned out, though. Lige Sloper got into a shootin' scermmage with Montana Jack and killed him. Lige afterward went to the Arkansas Hot Springs; he was not very well.'

'Where did Charley Madden go?'

'Dead!'

'Why, he was a stout, healthy-looking man.'

'Whisky!'

'Charley's wife and mine,' continued the tall stranger, 'were great cronies. My wife somehow never liked my name! Heard she changed her part of it as soon as I left, and in a few months married without a divorce under her new name—married a fellow named Scraggs.'

'Scraggs?'

'Scraggs!'

'Ahem—ah—waiter, another cup of coffee. Suppose you know Charley's brother-in-law, Louis, that busted in the brewery business?' said the sandy-looking man.

'First rate; where's he?'

'He's in Silverbrickbury, Arizona. Got a big brewery there.'

'Remember Alf Sykes?' said the stranger with one eye set crossing.

'Got twenty years at Carson for robbing the mail.'

'Heard Ward Smithers had some trouble?'

'Five years at Carson for robbing Wells, Fargo & Co. He didn't play it fine, like they say old Blivens did; I believe that was his name—nickname, I guess.'

'Old Blivens!'

'Old Blivens. You see he robbed Wells, Fargo, just out of Silverton; that was before I went there; heard of it. The messenger was the only witness against him; and on the day of the trial the messenger was found shot dead at the door of the room in which he slept, and which opened on a narrow alley. It was not known for certain who did it, but the Vigilants suggested to Old Blivens that perhaps his health would be benefitted by a change of climate.'

Said the dark stranger, with an expression of countenance which showed that he thought he was looking the short man square in the face:

'What might your name be?'

'Name—my name—is—is—Scraggs!—Yours?'

'Old Blivens!'

Passing out of the door just at this point, I did not learn how they reconciled their conflicting locations.

LEO XIII. is about to deserve well of all interested in art needlework. Hanging on the walls of many of the 11,000 rooms of the Vatican into which strangers cannot penetrate and hidden away in numberless cupboards, are an infinite variety of pieces of ancient tapestry. There are those saved from the sack of the city in 1527, for which Raphael made the cartoons; there are splendid examples of Flemish work of the fourteenth and fifteenth centuries and any number of Gobelins, for during two centuries the French kings kept up the custom of sending the Pope an annual present of a piece of tapestry. All these Leo XIII. has decided shall be gathered together and placed where they can be seen, arranged chronologically and formed into a collection unique of its kind—a new museum, in fact, to be added to the many the Vatican contains. Perhaps Leo III. unconsciously acquired a taste for ancient tapestry when, sixty years ago, he was playing at horse up and down that long hall hung with arras in the family manor-house at Carpineto where he was born.—*N. Y. World.*

UNDER FALSE COLORS.

A WOMAN WHO WAS SENT TO THE PENITENTIARY AS A MAN.

[Buffalo Express.]

On the 23d of October, 1877, William Freeman was sentenced to the Erie County Penitentiary for one year and six months, having pleaded guilty to a charge of burglary and larceny. Freeman was duly received into the Penitentiary, was put to work in the shop at polishing buckles, and continued quietly and with uniform good behavior to pursue the dreary routine of prison life until yesterday morning, when a surprising discovery was made. It became known to the prison authorities, and later to police officials and a few others, that the supposed William Freeman was a woman. It seems that some friends in Allegheny county had applied to Governor Robinson for a pardon for the supposed William Freeman. In such cases it is usual for the Governor or his authorized agent to write to the keeper of the prison in which the person for whom the pardon is asked is confined, for a statement of the condition of the prisoner's health. To ascertain the physical condition of the convict a medical examination was requisite. Dr. P. Sonnick, the physician to the Penitentiary, was accordingly requested to investigate the case, and at 9 o'clock yesterday morning proceeded to perform that duty. It was not very long before he hurried to Deputy Superintendent Wander with the startling information, "that's a woman." The prisoner, who for the past six months has toiled in the shops with as hard a lot of men as could easily be got together, was indeed a woman, and the astonishment of the keepers was increased by her statement that she had worn the clothes first of a boy, then of a man, from the time she was eleven years old.

As soon as the startling discovery of her sex was made, Mary Ann Schafer, as she confessed her true name to be, was removed to another and secluded part of the prison, provided with the costume prescribed for female State prisoners, and by Superintendent Baker's orders was made as comfortable as the rules would permit. She had utterly broken down, and begged the Superintendent to keep her there for life rather than to allow her secret and her name to be published.

Mary is twenty-three years of age, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches in height; with dark hair and dark eyes, but pale complexion, and weighs probably 140 pounds. Her wrists and ankles are small, but her hands and feet, from the roughest kind of labor, are large and coarse, and her waist has never known the grip of a corset. As William Freeman she was as good-looking as the average man, as Mary Schafer she is not a homely woman. Her story, told with an abundance of tears and with much apparent feeling, was to this effect:—She was born in New York city, or on shipboard. Her early home was in Allegheny county, with her mother and a step-father, whom she left when she was eleven and a half years of age. To make a living was at best a hard task for one of her age, and believing that as a boy she could do best and earn most, she dressed herself in boy's clothes and hired out to do farm work. This she has done all her life since—ploughing, chopping wood, taking care of horses, and all the rough work of a farm—and although all the time in the vicinity of her home, she avers that not a soul except her mother until yesterday knew her or knew the secret so carefully preserved. The crime for which she was sentenced she claims she did not commit. She had rented a farm about five miles from her family's home, which is at Wellsville, and hired a woman to act as housekeeper. This woman's nephew committed a burglary by which he secured a quantity of dry goods, which he concealed in her barn. The property was found and she was one of the number arrested. Being committed to jail, she was employed by the Sheriff to take care of horses, and taking advantage of the opportunity for liberty which this service offered, she escaped and fled to Canada. In some manner she was induced to return. The man who committed the crime threatened her life if she betrayed his guilt, and, she says, under intimidation she made the plea of guilty.

So long has this young woman followed the ways of a man that to see her in feminine raiment would be amusing if the spectacle did not excite pity. The simplest bit of woman's work she does with all the awkwardness a rough man would show.

A DOG CAT AND THREE CAT-DOGS IN ONE LITTER.—The Gold Hill (Nev.) *News* says: "The attention of a *News* reporter was to-day called to a most wonderful case of *lusus naturæ*. The saloon and boarding house of Charles Tebener, near the Imperial Hoisting Works, Gold Hill, is the place where this strange freak of nature may be seen. Entering the bar room, the reporter made known his business. Diving into a dark cellar, the boy of the house brought forth what at first sight appeared to be an old cat and a litter of four kittens. Upon closer examination, however, it was seen that one of the litter was not altogether feline. With the head, ears and body of a dog, it combines the claws and tail of a cat, while the muzzles are supplied with whiskers common to the cat family. The three remaining members of the family are undoubtedly kittens, though they have a peculiar canine look about the head. Their teeth are not formed correctly either as dogs or cats, being saw-shaped and fitting into one another like the jaws of a steel trap. The animal which most resembles a pup mews like a kitten, and the ones which look most like kittens growl like young pups. The mother suckles them all alike, and is seemingly as fond of the dog-cat as of the cat-dogs, as they may be termed, in accordance as the characteristics of the different species predominate. All the members of the medical fraternity that have visited this interesting family have declared the phenomena here made apparent a most startling one."

THE *Free Press* tells how a Detroit man explained the metric system to his wife. "Under the metric system," said he, "you write to your father in Wisconsin for the money to buy your new dress. The money comes, you take half of it and buy me a pair of pants, and then you use the rest in purchasing fifty cent dress goods. It is a very good measure, very good." She said that no such metric system should ever come into that house.

BOUND to follow suit—A tailor's bill.

THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

EBENSBURG, PA.,

FRIDAY, - - - - MAY 10, 1878.

COL. A. C. NOYES entered upon the duties of his office as State Treasurer on Monday last, and Hon. William P. Schell took possession of the Auditor General's office on the day following.

HAYES has at last yielded to the importunities of Packard and given him an office by sending his name to the Senate as United States consul at Liverpool. The people of New Orleans especially and of Louisiana generally will be satisfied to have this nomination confirmed, for the reason that the Atlantic will then intervene between them and Packard, and his occupation with the political affairs of the city and State will be gone—a consummation devoutly to be wished by all interested.

TEN millions of dollars, part of the amount originally set apart for the redemption of fractional currency, still remains in the treasury of the United States. It is apparent from this that of the fractional currency issued by the government, amounting, we believe, to about fifty millions, ten millions have been lost and destroyed and will never be presented for redemption. A bill will be passed by Congress directing those ten millions in the treasury to be put in circulation in notes of the denomination of one and two dollars.

WHILE the Democratic members of Congress unanimously favor an investigation into the Florida election frauds, there is a difference of opinion as to the scope and authority of the investigation. It is believed that the wisest course to pursue is to lay the entire facts connected with the frauds before the country, so that the people may understand how the Democratic party was cheated out of its fairly-elected President, but not to take any step towards reopening the decision of the Electoral Commission in favor of Hayes' election. In the judgment of the best Democratic lawyers, that decision must stand and Hayes remain undisturbed in the possession of his office. No resolution has yet been offered for the appointment of a committee, but it will be attended to in due time, and the investigation proceeded with after the adjournment of Congress.

GRANT did a great many things that lowered the dignity of his office in order that the Republican party might be kept in power, but neither Grant nor any other President ever permitted himself to say, as Hayes said to General Campbell, that he intended to contribute liberally to the Republican campaign fund, and hoped that other office-holders would do the same thing. It was a direct admission that votes can be bought and elections carried by the corrupt use of money. After Hayes was foisted into office by the Electoral Commission, he issued his celebrated civil service order forbidding office-holders from personally interfering in political movements, and now, in his interview with Congressman Campbell, he not only rescinds it and releases his office-holders from its operation, but deliberately avows his intention of assisting in the work of political corruption himself. After this change of front in reference to a matter which he seemed to regard as the brightest feather in his political cap, who can repose any confidence in Mr. Hayes' sincerity in anything he does, or in anything he says?

THE motion to confirm Quay received the vote of the thirty-one Republicans, the vote of Torbert, *and the vote of Bussey*, making in all *thirty three*, just the number required by the constitution. Before he voted, Bussey, with unblanched cheek stood up in the Senate and gave as his reason for voting for Quay that his confirmation would add *fifteen* or *twenty thousand* to the strength of the Democracy in Philadelphia and would therefore secure the election of his (Bussey's) candidate for Governor, State Senator A. H. Dill. *A man who could offer no better excuse for his treason than *that* is a disgrace to the Senate, and it was unfortunate that Mr. Dill was absent from the Senate, for he lost the opportunity of releasing Bussey from any obligations to him, and of holding up the recreant Senator to public scorn and contempt. That this outrage has been consummated by the vote of a man who was warned into political life by the sterling Democracy of old York is deeply humiliating, and is enough to renew in one the poet's wish expressed in the burning words :

"Oh! for a tongue to curse the slave
Whose treason, like a deadly blight,
Comes o'er the counsels of the brave,
And blasts them in their hour of might."

IT is a reproach to Pennsylvania politics to see the three leading Republican candidates for Governor traversing the length and breadth of the State in hot pursuit of delegates to the State convention. A man who in advance of a nomination for the high office of Governor will stoop to conquer by hawking his own claims throughout the State, and entering into the lowest sort of combinations to promote his own success, as he must necessarily do, compromises his manhood and ought to forfeit the respect of the people. Democrats can point with a feeling of pride to the fact that the gentlemen of their party who have been most prominently named in connection with the same office have pursued quite a different course, not being ambitious of becoming the trumpeters of their own fame. The proper method and time for a candidate for Governor to let the people know what he believes, and what he will do if elected, is on the stump after the nomination has been made, and if his opponent can be induced to meet him in public discussion at the most prominent points in the State it will enable the people more intelligently to discharge their duty at the polls. This is the practice in some of the western States and ought to be generally adopted.

TWICE during the present session of the Legislature have the aims and purposes of the Democratic party been basely betrayed in the Senate, and on both occasions by the same man. Owing to the recent death of Hon. D. A. Nag'e, Democrat, of Philadelphia, that body now consists of forty nine members, of whom thirty-one are Republicans, seventeen are Democrats, and one calls himself an Independent Democrat. His name is Torbert, and Schuylkill county is his home, where a man assumes to be an independent Democrat for the purpose of playing Republican whenever his services are needed. *Thirty-three* is two thirds of forty nine, and counting Torbert with the Republicans, where he properly belongs, they would still fall short *one* vote of the necessary number required under the constitution to confirm an executive appointment. After the passage of the Philadelphia Recorder's bill and Quay's nomination to the place by Hartranft, the Democratic members of the Senate held a caucus and resolved that they would refuse to vote for Quay's confirmation, and it was as plain as the multiplication table that unless *one* Democratic Senator could be seduced, his confirmation was impossible. Bussey, who has been twice sent to the Senate by the honest Democracy of York county, had already paved his way for a second act of treason by casting the deciding vote in favor of the other job of the State ring, the Bank Commissioner's bill. He is one of those men of easy political virtue who are as instinctively scented out by a man like Bob Mackey as a hound follows the trail of a fox.

JOHN MORRISEY died at Saratoga Springs on Wednesday of last week, in the 47th year of his age. He was born in the county Tipperary, Ireland, and, like all true Tipperay boys, early in life turned his attention to the use of the shillalah and to indiscriminate fighting, so that, as he said himself he was never happy in his younger days unless he had a fight on hand. We need not at any length trace his career after he came to this country with his parents, who settled at Troy, N. Y. He was a laborer in the iron works at that place—then a prize fighter in three or four memorable matches—then a Democratic politician in New York—afterwards a member of Congress, and when he died a member for the second time of the State Senate of New York. As the world goes Morrissey was exceptionally honest, and not a common plunderer like Tweed. As the keeper of a first-class gambling saloon his victims admitted that the seductive, but hazardous amusement playing faro and other games was conducted on the square, and that fools and their money are easily parted by the most legitimate methods. He enjoyed the confidence and respect of some of the foremost business men in New York, and by them his word was regarded as good as his bond. He was the sworn foe of Tammany Hall, and in his death the enemies of that political organization have lost their most aggressive leader. He was buried in the Catholic cemetery at Troy on Saturday last, an immense crowd, including most of the members of the State Senate, following his remains to their final resting place.

"THE American laborer must make up his mind henceforth not to be so much better off than the European laborer. Men must be content to work for less wages. In this way the working-man will be nearer that station in life to which it has pleased God to call him."

The above paragraph, with the New York *World* as its source, has had a very extensive run in Republican papers throughout the north during the last two months, and as a matter of course it found a place in the columns of the Johnstown *Tribune* and the *Herald* of this place. No man who is in the habit of reading the *World* would besitate a moment in pronouncing it a forgery, and the attention of the editor of the N. Y. *World* having been called by a correspondent in Portland, Maine, to the fact of its publication in the *New Era* of that city, he nails the spurious coin to the counter in the following emphatic language, which we commend to the notice of the two Cambria county organs of the party of "great moral ideas" :

We are a trifle tired of "branding" this particular calumny, which is of importance to us solely because those who propagate it do so with intent to misrepresent not only THE WORLD but the Democratic party. We have more than once explained that no such sentiment was ever expressed in THE WORLD, and that the original inventor of the paragraph was a deliberate liar, who manufactured it out of words and phrases culled with intent to lie out of different parts of a column in this journal. If the *New Era* is edited outside of a penitentiary this notice will bring it to decency. If this notice fails to bring it and all others whom it may concern to decency it may become necessary to show them a better though a harder way.

A THREE EYED BOY.—The Dayton *Journal* prints a letter from New Bremen, Ohio, dated the 15th ult., which says : "Quite a wonder has lately made its appearance, about eight miles north of New Bremen, in the shape of a fine boy with three eyes and but one ear. The parents are a young married couple who came here to reside from the eastern portion of Anglaize county about ten months ago, and have been married a little more than that period.—The child is about two weeks old. The parents were astounded to find on the right side of the face an eye and an ear in their proper natural positions, and on the left side of the face another eye in its natural position and about an inch further round on the left side of the head a third eye, all perfect in form, but no ear where the ear ought to be, the place for the left ear being perfectly smooth and solid as any other part of the head. The boy is healthy, sound and bright as a boy baby can be.—The eyes are perfect in sight action. When the eye on the left side of the face opens or shuts its twin does the same, both seeming to be controlled and operated by the one set of nerves."

U. S. SENATOR LAMAR, of Mississippi, was invited to attend the celebration of St. Patrick's day at Augusta, Georgia, but not being able to be present sent the committee of invitation the following sentiment embodying his idea of what constitutes a genuine Irishman :

"The typical Irishman: His home—the world. His friends—all the peoples. His faith—his own. No crime to him so cold as will not produce a shamrock; no soil so barren as will not grow a shillalah. For music at a fight, a frolic, or a funeral, his generous nature finds a blow for the bad, a smile for the glad, or a tear for the sad."

THE National or Greenback convention met in Philadelphia on Wednesday last and nominated S. H. Mason, of Mercer county, for Governor, Christopher Snearer of Berks for Lieut.-Governor, James L. Wright of Philadelphia for Secretary of Internal Affairs, and Thomas S. Bentley of Lycoming for Judge of the Supreme Court.

Our Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, May 6, 1878.

There seems to be a decided disposition among members for an early adjournment. The outlook now is that the final adjournment will not be prolonged after the 25th of June, and it may be that Congress will get away at even an earlier date. There are only three appropriation bills now to be acted on—the army, the sundry civil bill and the general deficiency bill.

MUCH CAUCUSING.

Caucusing seems to be the business of both branches of the National Legislature, Democrats and Republicans being alike industrious in caucus work. There is much more reticence among the Republican caucusers than among the Democrats. It is generally understood, however, that the Republican conclaves are held mostly for interchange of opinion on the subject of the next campaign, the method to be pursued in raising means to defray the expenses thereof, and what support the party may expect from the administration.—Democratic conclaves are both for arranging campaign matter and preparing for an investigation of the electoral count. A complete canvass of the House has been made, and the result shows a majority in favor of investigation. A thorough investigation of the whole subject may badly smirch some distinguished Democrats, but the unanimous opinion expressed is that the investigation must go on regardless of who may be damaged. There is now no doubt about a plan being arranged shortly for proceeding with the work. The Judiciary Committee of the House are on the trail of Justice Bradley. It can be shown that the negotiations for the transfer were conducted in New Jersey by Bradley, and it is said that Hayes knew every movement that was being made to insure his inauguration, and gave advice and directions concerning the same. The confessions of McLin and others are but dust in the balance compared with some terrible affidavits that have been made.

THE TIME IS COMING.

The occasion is approaching when every Senator and Representative will be called upon to put himself upon record either for or against the perpetration of the electoral fraud. The confessions of the men who engineered the Florida frauds in the last Presidential election will compel Congress to take cognizance of the matter. The Florida confessions have put in tangible form for legal purposes what has heretofore only existed in the shape of common report. In due time the facts and the law bearing upon the right of Mr. Hayes' claims to the Presidency will be presented to the country in proper form upon the floor of Congress, and no flimsy plea that fear of civil war or other disturbance may ensue will relieve any Senator or Representative from the plain letter of his duty when the case comes up. The men who are now moving in the matter are not making any mistakes. They will not open their case until it is fully prepared, and when they do open it, a presentation of facts will be made in view of which every Senator and Member will have to face the music without any chance to dodge behind any plea of pretended regard for the peace and tranquility of the country. No body in this country should, or will, fight to keep any man in the Presidential office without a legal right to it. The idea that a great wrong, such as the theft of the Presidency, cannot be inquired into and righted without a civil war, or even without serious disturbance of the state of society, is a calumny on the American people and an insult to their intelligence. There will be no plea, excuse or pretext for the avoidance or evasion of any duty by Congressmen. The time is coming when each national Representative will have to face the music.

MAGARRAHANISM.

Owing to the evil influence of a subsidized press, the country fails to see and appreciate the great work that is now being accomplished by the Committee on Public Lands in the Senate. A record is being made there that will live through all time, in characters of living light, as a stunning rebuke to fraud and that insolence that has heretofore prospered on the maxim that every man has his price. The infamous features of the fraud that haunts the lobbies of Congress are made disgustingly prominent in the Magarrahan land swindle. Of all the corrupt attorneys and officials connected with this grand swindle, the part acted by Pacificus Ord was the most damnable. The testimony in that case proves that for twenty-one years he has borne the taint of official perfidy, of personal dishonesty and of the most gross and flagrant dereliction of duty. He acknowledged to being attorney for Magarrahan, or for Gomez, and of being the owner of one-half of the Gomez grant, and at the same time holding the office of U. S. Dist't Attorney. It is gratifying to know that notwithstanding the malignant assaults upon the good name of Judge Black the Committee exonorated him of any corrupt practice in the infamous transaction. The original iniquity in the Magarrahan infamy was perpetrated by U. S. District Attorney Pacificus Ord. He it was who fabricated the Mexican grant, using as his tool Vincent P. Gomez, a professional perjurer and forger. The extracts from the letters of Magarrahan and Stoddard, who sold his country for gold during its hour of peril are startling. The brutal character of Magarrahan may be known by the reading of one of his letters, that of June 30, 1870, wherein, after a pitiful picture of distress of a poor woman he has imposed himself upon, he expresses a wish for money, not to pay the poor woman, but to the person with whom he wishes to dwell. The Tichborne case of England was not more extraordinary than this of an unnaturalized Orange Irishman, who claims for twenty years to have bribed his way through American Courts and Congress. The New Idria Mining Company is in possession of over one thousand of Magarrahan's letters, and the friends and admirers of this unnaturalized Orangeman can learn from his confidential communications that there is not a prominent man in public life who has favored his claims that he has not purchased with stock.

TWO THOUSAND DISAPPOINTED MEN.

About two thousand applicants for office who have been depending on the appropriation bill for the increase of the clerical force in the Surgeon General's office to bring up pension records, have been disappointed in chances for a clerkship. The House on Saturday defeated the amendment to the Legislative appropriation bill, providing for the payment of the proposed increase in the clerical force. The vote was yeas 115 and nays 114, but Speaker Randall voted in the negative, thus defeating the amendment. Many ejaculations about Randall are made that would sound well in a prayer meeting.

HON. D. R. LOCKWOOD.

Mr. D. R. Lockwood, of New York, a new member, serving his first term, was the first member in either branch to take up and discuss fairly and squarely the proposition to investigate the electoral frauds. His speech on that subject is a model of concise vigor and succinct clearness, and though brief, completely exhausts the case as far as its popular aspects are concerned. He asks : "Can we or should we escape censure, if by our own silence we aid in concealing truth?" and then remarks, "Our inaction, or neglect to reveal and punish fraud, makes us not only accessory to it, but makes us even more contemptible than those who committed it."

It is to be hoped that the Democrats will not lack the courage to expose and punish the crime that the Republicans had the courage to commit. Mr. Lockwood has the distinction of being the first Democrat in Congress to grapple with this momentous subject. There is a wide spread fear that the people's representatives in this matter, as in many others, act not from their convictions of right, but from motives of political economy. It is much to be regretted that all our Democratic Representatives and Senators have not the ability, manliness and moral courage of Mr. Lockwood. G. N. S.

Explosion and Loss of Life.

EIGHT MILLS BURNED—SEVENTEEN MEN SAID TO HAVE BEEN KILLED.

In Minneapolis, Minn., at 7 o'clock Thursday evening, the city was shaken as if by an earthquake, by a terrific explosion, which was promptly traced to the group of great flouring mills, in what is known as "The Platform," just above St. Anthony's falls, where the entire flouring district of the city is concentrated. The explosion came from the great Washburn mill, from which a column of flame was seen to shoot up several hundred feet, followed by a crash which crushed the immense structure as though it was an egg shell. Secondary explosions instantly destroyed the Thompson & Hoyt and Humboldt mills, and flames immediately burst out, communicating to the Galaxy mills, the mills of Petit, Robinson & Co., Cahill, Ankeny & Co., Day & Rolles, Buell, Newton & Co., Gorton, Hayward & Co., the Washburn A and B mills, and lesser structures down the bank of the river nearly to the Minneapolis and St. Louis railroad shops.

The destruction caused by the explosion extended much further, glass being broken for several squares and the buildings throughout the city being shaken. At 8 P. M. the fire was raging within these limits, and the firemen were working valiantly to subdue the flames. It is believed that the explosion was that of gas generated in the patent middlings purifier process.

The loss of life is undoubtedly great, but full details are lacking in the confusion that surrounds the scene.

KILLED AND INJURED.

Up to nine o'clock the list of killed and injured, so far as ascertained, is as follows :

Big mill—grinders—Charles Henning, Fred. Merrill, Clark Wilburs; oilers—William Leslie, Chris. Ewing; machinists—O. C. Shie, Walter Savage, Patrick Judd, Edward Merrill; watchmen—Harry Hicks, E. W. Burbank, and one unknown, all killed.

August Smith was blown out of the window, hurt, but not killed.

Diamond mill—John Boyer, killed.

Galaxy mill—Joe Mantie, in the third story, after the wall was blown out, jumped into the canal and escaped unhurt.

Zenith mill—Two men named Widstrum and Fred. George were killed.

In Petit, Robinson & Co.'s mill Dean Day was thrown out of the window and injured.

Later investigation confirms the opinion that the first estimates of the loss of life were exaggerated. The number of dead is now placed at seventeen.

There were many thrilling incidents and narrow escapes. Daniel Day was blown the whole length of the Petit & Robinson's mill and through the rear window and escaped.

One poor fellow, who could not be recognized, had escaped alive from the explosion and was observed crawling through the darting, hungry flames toward the track of the Minneapolis & St. Louis road, directly in the rear of the Washburne mill. He reached the railroad and there became exhausted and fell back into the raging hell, where his agonies instantly ended.

It now appears that most of the day force had gone home, and only the smaller night force remained.

The loss to property is enormous, but the confusion is too great for an intelligent estimate at present. Rough calculations place it at $1,500,000, of which $1,000,000 will fall upon the milling interest.

The loss throughout the city by the breaking of glass, etc., is $10,000. Five mills and a planing mill were destroyed, besides adjoining property, excluding 87 out of 197 runs of stone in the city.

MINNEAPOLIS May 4.—The number of dead is now swelled to eighteen, the names of Jacob Rhodes and John Grandman being added to those sent last night. The bodies of eight of the eighteen have been recovered. Ten more are buried in the debris, of which number eight are in the ruins of the Washburne Mill, one in the ruins of the Zenith, and one in the ruins of the Hemboldt. Almost every semblance to humanity has been obliterated by the cruel heat that left only the charred and blackened trunks in some cases, and in others only a few handsful of blackened bones which crumble at the touch. Three of the number were identified last night as Clark Wiber, John Boyer and E. W. Burbank, watchman. These and others were identified by such articles as keys, knives, &c. A fifth body is identified by the incidents of the death, as that of a boy named Jacob Rhodes. It is he whose tragic death was witnessed by the crowd on the railroad track, and who was first supposed to be John Boyer. The other remains are believed to be those of Patrick Judd, Cyrus Ewing and Peter Hobberg.

MR. KEARNEY, leader of the San Francisco workingmen's agitation, headed a deputation a fortnight ago to the Roman Catholic Archbishop, when, according to the San Francisco *News Letter*, that prelate thus replied with placid urbanity to an excited harrangue :

"Mr. Kearney, I understand that you wish me to mind my own business. Very good; perhaps you know what my business is better than I do. But, Mr. Kearney, there is only one gentleman who is at present authorized to show me how to mind my business, and that is the Pope of Rome. Perhaps, Mr. Kearney, if you will write to him, he will transfer that power to you. And now let me tell you a little story, Mr. Kearney. I have lived here a great many years, and I know the temper of the people of California pretty well; and a long time ago, before you had come to America, I went to bed one night leaving everything going on in the city as usual. Well, Mr. Kearney, after a comfortable night's rest, I arose and looked out of the window, and there in the street was a poor fellow hanging by his neck, quite dead, suspended from a lamp post. He was a poor fellow who did not know how to mind his own business, Mr. Kearney, and that was all. You mind your business well, Mr. Kearney, and I will mind mine. Good morning."

Exit delegation.

A SINGULAR PHYSICAL AILMENT.—On the 13th ult. Stewart Beaver, a young man aged about twenty four years, a citizen of Port Royal, died of such painful ailment at a point on the right side of his belly that it was deemed proper to have an examination instituted after death. Drs. Graham, Sterrett and Shelley rendered the examination. It appears that on the right side of the bowels at a point where the large intestines form the lower curve, there is a projection. The projection has an opening into it, but the opening is not deep. The verdict of the doctors in substance is that a lemon or orange seed was diverted out of the intestines into the opening in the projection mentioned, and that the seed lay there till nature formed a hard substance around it, much like the substance that is found in tea kettles in which limestone water is boiled, and that from the obstruction thus formed and enlarged to the size of a small shelback inflammation arose, which caused excruciating pain and produced death.—*Mifflintown Sentinel.*

News and Other Notings.

—A man walks on the water at Taunton, Mass. He wears immense tin shoes in which air is confined.

—Babcock is raising oranges in Florida. He is the same Babcock who once raised thunder in the White House.

—John Runk, the California boy murderer—he is only seventeen years old—shot his victim on April 26, 1877, and was hung on April 26, 1878.

—Robert Letcher, when a young man, worked upon the Executive Mansion of Kentucky as a bricklayer, and in 1840 occupied it as Governor.

—A man at Avesne, in France, threw something at a dancing bear on exhibition in the streets. The animal rushed upon him and tore off his nose.

—Five attempts have been made within the past few days, by some incendiary, to burn down the House of the Good Shepherd, on Troy Hill, Allegheny.

—A gardener at Goleta, Cal., according to the Santa Barbara *Advertiser*, has grown a rose that measures seventeen inches in circumference. It is of the Cloth of Gold variety.

—Mrs. Foster, of Muscatine, is another bewhiskered beauty. They are black and glossy, three inches long, and the mustache over her lovely mouth would do credit to any young or old gentleman.

—A skiff containing three women and two children was struck by a raft on the Allegheny river, a few miles above Pittsburgh, Monday afternoon, and capsized, two of the women being drowned.

—Thomas Morris, who was arrested at Pittston, Pa., a few days since, has confessed to murdering his wife at Kansas City last January, and started for that place yesterday morning in custody.

—Cardinal McCloskey visited the Paris Exhibition on Saturday, escorted by Commissioner General McCormick. Cardinal McCloskey will sail from Havre for New York on Saturday next, the 11th instant.

—James Durkin and Patrick Steele, of Phœnixville, while stealing a ride on the top of a box car on the Reading railroad, on Saturday evening, were struck by a bridge near Limerick station, and both were instantly killed.

—W. L. O'Brien, of the firm of Flood & O'Brien, died at San Rafael, Cal., Thursday afternoon, after a lingering illness of several months. He was a bachelor. The value of his property is estimated at from $15,000,000 to $20,000,000.

—C. R. Basley, of Carlinville, Ill., and George T. D. Dodge, of Fair Haven, Ohio, students of Wabash College at Crawfordsville, were killed on Saturday while going to Lafayette, Ind., on a freight train. Their bodies were fearfully mangled.

—Mr. and Mrs. John Seiler, living near Mt. Carmel, Ill., left a five-year old son and a two year old daughter in the house alone. The children found a loaded revolver in a drawer, and the boy shot his sister through the head, death resulting in a few hours.

—A boiler explosion a few days ago at a portable sawmill on Fallen Timber run, in Jackson township, Greene county, killed two men named Aaron Leonard and William Cunston. These men were the owners of the mill. Ross Hampton was fatally injured and James Sellers badly hurt.

—On Saturday night four men entered the residence of John Johnson, at Brookville, Ont., and demanded money. On his refusal to comply with the demand they tied him to a bed and beat him fatally with a club. All the money the murderers secured was $1. Several arrests have been made.

—Mrs. Joan W. Iliff was a saleswoman in the Singer Sewing Machine Rooms, Chicago. She went West a few years ago to better her condition. Her husband died lately, leaving her undisputed owner of $300,000 and 30,000 head of cattle. She lives in Denver, Col. Go West, young woman, and grow up with the country.

—In Memphis, last Monday morning, a portable engine boiler exploded in front of Bohlen, Hughes & Co.'s ice house. Tom Holst, engineer, was killed, Jim Kennedy, fireman, fatally injured, and four others were scalded and had limbs broken. The engine was used for hoisting ice and low water in the boiler caused the explosion.

—Henry Coe poisoned himself at Covington, Tioga county, last week. Soon after his death others of the family experienced strange feelings, and discovered that they had been dosed. A subsequent examination showed that Paris green, strychnine and other poisons had been put into the flour barrel, cream crock, sugar box and tea can.

—John Roach, the great ship builder, desiring to congratulate Dom Pedro on the starting of the new Brazilian line, purchased a phonograph from Edison, made his little speech into it and shipped it on the Rio de Janeiro which sailed on Saturday. When it reaches the capital of the Brazilian Empire the machine will, of course, be unwound.

—Two burglars Thursday night effected an entrance into the house of Daniel Landis, at Grater's Ford, near Pottstown, Pa. Mr. Landis, while attempting to resist them, was shot and badly wounded, the ball passing through his body one inch above his heart. Both the thieves were fatally wounded, as was also Mr. Harry Ashenpelter, who was assisting Mr. Landis.

—The novelty about the elopement of Alexander Bablink and Miss Halliday, in Hyde Parke, Mass., was that the girl went in her night dress. Her father had hidden most of her clothing on her going to bed, but she climbed down a ladder to her lover, who took her to his home and dressed her from his sister's wardrobe. Then they rode to a clergyman's house and were married.

—The famine in the north of China rages with increasing severity, and the most dreadful reports come from the afflicted region. In one town a man opened a shop for the sale of human flesh, and did a good business in cannibalistic joints and roasts, till the local mandarin interfered with his rather novel and utterly horrible experiment in living by causing the shopkeeper to be arrested and beheaded.

—The funeral of John Colligan, killed on the night of the Orange concert in Montreal, took place on Friday, and was attended by ten thousand Irish Nationals. The Protestant ministers of Montreal, having signed an address to the Orangemen, asking the latter to desist from a public celebration on July 12th, the matter was put to a vote of the county and district masters of the lodges. The result is 367 for a procession, to 6 against.

—John Pauli, the miner whose skull was smashed in with stones by a gang of ruffians in Dunmore, Pa., on Tuesday of last week, while protecting an old man, died of his injuries at 3 o'clock Sunday morning. One of his children died on Friday of scarlet fever, and his widow and two other children are dying of the same disease. Their case is most distressing. Pauli's murderers are still at large and said to be prowling around the suburbs.

—There is a cat in Marietta, Lancaster county, belonging to Henry L. Sultzbach, which has a curious family. It is composed of two kittens and two muskrats. The animal lost two kitteus, and Mr. Sultzbach's boy found two young muskrats about the same age as the kittens, put them in the box where the latter were, and quietly waited to see what the mother of the kittens would do. When she got into the box she eyed the strangers for a while, but finally took them under her wing, and nursed them and her kittens at the same time.

—The Pittsburgh *Dispatch* of Wednesday morning says the visit of Archbishop Wood to that city has resulted in an amicable settlement of the diocesan troubles. Father Hickey, one of the executors of the late Bishop Domenec, had withheld his signature from the documents transferring church property to Bishop Tuigg, but on Tuesday morning, after a consultation between all parties interested, he signed the papers and the property was duly transferred to the Bishop. Archbidops Wood left for Philadelphia Wednesday evening.

—Peralto, the Mexican mustang rider, began at four o'clock on Saturday morning at the Prospect Fair grounds, Brooklyn, N. Y., the attempt to ride 305 miles in fifteen hours. He accomplished the first 100 miles in 4 hours and twenty minutes and 40 seconds; fastest mile 2 minutes and 13 seconds. He completed his 200th mile at ten minutes to two o'clock in the afternoon, and at seven o'clock in the evening completed 301½ miles, but continued until he completed 305 miles, at 7:10, making the last mile in 2:41. The rain made the track heavy, or he would have accomplished the task in 15 hours.

—Father Cuddihy's war on the Hibernian Society in Milford, Mass., was renewed on Sunday, when he declared the pews of Hibernians in his church vacant. He is seventy years old, and one of the most learned of Roman Catholic priests in this country. Recently a Hibernian society was organized in Milford. He denounced the order in strong terms, called the members vermin, and commanded his congregation to have nothing to do with a forthcoming Hibernian ball. His Bishop subsequently sustained the stand he had taken; but some of the congregation went to the ball, and on Sunday he expressed a very severe opinion of them. One was a singer in the choir, and he expelled her.

—The Edison telephone is likely to render the demand for telegraph operators limited. The Western Union Company, which has purchased of the inventor the sole right to it, intends placing one in every small village throughout the country where any person engaged in another business can be induced for a small salary to take charge of it and communicate with the nearest regular telegraph station in a large town what few dispatches are to be sent and collect the money therefor. Any small hamlet can thus be afforded telegraph facilities. The instrument is coming into general use in various cities as a means of communication between different parts of a town.

—The State Legislative Committee appointed to investigate the Pittsburgh riots held their final meeting Thursday evening. Among other testimony elicited was the fact that the troops of General Brinton on their retreat from the burning roundhouse at Pittsburgh to Sharpsburg were almost famishing, and that the only provisions they received were sent to them by A. J. Cassatt, Third Vice-President of the Pennsylvania Railroad, who remained in Pittsburgh during the worst stages of the riots and purchased and forwarded wagon loads of provisions to Sharpsburg. It is testified by General Brinton that it was only through the energy of Mr. Cassatt that the soldiers obtained any food whatever.

—The Columbus (Ga.) *Enquirer* says: Mr. John Pore, who lives in the lower part of Lumpkin county, this State, had two little children, aged respectively three and six. They were engaged in their usual play, a few days since, while the mother was at the well. The oldest child, for what reason it will never be known, picked up a sharp hatchet and struck the baby in the side, leaving the axe sticking in the wound. The child, seeing what he had done, ran and told his mother, who was drawing up a bucket of water at the time. This so frightened her that she let go of the windlass, and the revolving crank struck the boy on the head and literally knocked his brains out, killing him instantly. When the horror-stricken mother got to the baby it was also dead.

A CAMPAIGN SLANDER.—When Dr. R. V. Pierce was a candidate for State Senator, his political opponents published a pretended analysis of his popular medicines, hoping thereby to prejudice the people against him. His election by an overwhelming majority severely rebuked his traducers, who sought to impeach his business integrity. No notice would have been taken of these campaign lies were it not that some of his enemies (and every successful business man has his full quota of envious rivals) are republishing these bogus analyses. Numerous and most absurd formulas have been published, purporting to come from high authority; and it is a significant fact that no two have been at all alike—conclusively proving the dishonesty of their authors.

Notice to Taxpayers

IN accordance with an Act of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, approved the 5th day of April, A. D. 1872, "Relating to the collection of taxes in the County of Cambria," notice is hereby given to the taxpayers residing in the districts below named, that the County Treasurer, in compliance with the 2d section of said act, will attend at the places of holding the Borough and Township elections, on the following named days, for the purpose of receiving the County, Poor and State taxes for the year 1878:

For Portage township, Monday, June 17th.		
"	Wilmore borough, Tuesday, June 18th.	
"	Summerhill township, Wednesday,	June 19th.
"	Washington township, Thursday,	" 20th.
"	Munster township, Friday,	" 21st.
"	Summitville borough, Tuesday,	" 25th.
"	Gallitzin borough, Wednesday,	" 26th.
"	Tunnelhill borough, Thursday,	" 27th.
"	Gallitzin township, Friday,	" 28th.
"	Loretto borough, Saturday,	" 29th.
"	Allegheny township, Monday, July 1st.	
"	Chest Springs borough, Tuesday, July 2d.	
"	Ebensburg borough, East ward, Friday, July 5th; West ward, Saturday, July 6th.	
"	Dean township, Monday, July 8th.	
"	Clearfield township, Tuesday, July 9th.	
"	White twp., at J. Beers', Wednesday, July 10th; at Lloydville, Thursday, July 11th.	
"	Chest township, at St. Lawrence, Friday, July 12th.	
"	Elder township, at St. Boniface, Saturday July 13th.	
"	Carrolltown borough, Monday, July 15th.	
"	Carroll township, Tuesday, July 16th.	
"	Susquehanna twp., Wednesday, July 17th.	
"	Barr township, Thursday,	" 18th.
"	Blacklick township, Friday,	" 19th.
"	Cambria township, Saturday,	" 20th.
"	Jackson township, Monday,	" 22d.

And, in accordance with the second section of said Act, on all taxes paid to the Treasurer before the 1st day of September, there will be a reduction of 5 per cent., while 5 per cent. will be added to all unpaid taxes and placed in the hands of a constable.

N. J. FREIDHOFF, Treasurer.
Treasurer's Office, Ebensburg, April 26, 1878.

UP! UP! UP!
IN THE NUMBER.
DOWN! DOWN! DOWN!
IN THE PRICE.
THE MODEL
GROCERY STORE OF ALTOONA
—HAS BEEN REMOVED—
From 1333 to 1324 ELEVENTH Avenue,
NEARLY OPPOSITE THE FORMER LOCATION,
Where the undersigned may be found at all times fully supplied with a better variety of
FRESH GROCERIES
than has ever before been offered for sale in that city. Expenses having been reduced by my removal, I am enabled to sell my goods at
LOWER PRICES THAN EVER
—in fact so low that I defy any man in the business to undersell me.
☞ Thankful for past favors and soliciting a continuance and increase of the same, especially from my numerous friends in Cambria county, I respectfully invite everybody to give me a call and examine my goods and prices before buying elsewhere.
P. F. CONFER,
April 12, 1878. Model Grocery, Altoona, Pa.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Co-Operative Newspapers.

It has been asserted that one half of all money paid by New York advertisers for advertising outside that city goes to Co-operative Newspapers.

If this statement is true there is no occasion for surprise that prominent papers which are not charging war prices for advertising feel compelled to abuse a rival with which they find themselves unable to maintain a competition.

Full particulars about the Co-operative Newspapers, together with catalogues and lowest cash rates, mailed free on application to RELYEA & FOSTER, Gen'l Agents American Newspaper Unions, 10 Spruce St., N. Y.

BEFORE BUYING OR RENTING A
CABINET OR PARLOR ORGAN
Be sure to send for our LATEST CATALOGUE and much information. Sent free. MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO., Boston, New York or Chicago.

40 MIXED CARDS, with name, 10c. Agent's outfit 10c. L. JONES & CO., Nassau, N.Y.

ORGANS retail price $280 only $65. PIANOS retail price $510 only $135. Other bargains. Beatty, Washington, N.J.

25 Fancy Cards, Snowflake Damask &c., in 25 styles, with name, 10cts. Agent's Outfit 10c. Nassau Card Co., Nassau, N. Y.

$7 A DAY to Agents canvassing for the Fireside Visitor. Terms and Outfit Free. Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

SWEET Chewing JACKSON'S BEST NAVY Tobacco
Awarded highest prize at Centennial Exposition for fine chewing qualities and excellence and uniformity of manufacture and flavoring. The best tobacco ever made. As our plug strip trade-mark is closely imitated on inferior goods, see that it bears the name on every plug. Sold by all dealers. Send for circular. Address, to C. A. Jackson & Co., Mfrs., Richmond, Va.
G. F. WARDLE, Phila., Pa., General Agent.

CANCER
INSTITUTE—Office, No. 106 W. 4th St., Cincinnati. Established for the cure of Cancer, Tumors, Ulcers, Scrofula, and Skin Diseases. Cancer cured without the use of the knife or caustic. Pamphlet free, containing evidence of the wonderful healing theory of treatment. Testimonials from persons cured, and first-class city references. Address L. H. Gratiggy, M. D., box 16, Cincinnati, O.

BEST ENGLISH NEEDLES For all Sewing Machines in use. Sent by mail, free, on receipt of 25c. J. D. FLICK, Harrisburg, N. J.

SOFTENING OF THE BRAIN Prevented and Cured by the use of PULMONA, prescribed by our leading physicians. Ask your druggist for it, and refuse all other medicines offered in its stead.

O. McCLINTOCK & CO.
A LARGE LINE OF EXTRA SUPER INGRAINS at 90c.
A LARGE LINE OF TAPESTRY BRUSSELS at 75c.
A LARGE LINE OF BODY BRUSSELS at $1.50.
CARPETS & OIL CLOTHS
33 FIFTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH, PA.

NOTICE IN PARTITION.—Robert Jones on the heirs and legal representatives of MARK MCLAUGHLIN, deceased, to wit, greeting, refuse:

CAMBRIA COUNTY, SS.

L.S. } Mark R. McLaughlin, Susan McLaughlin, widow of John McLaughlin, late of Cambria, deceased, Jacob, Susan, Matilda, Emanuel, Rachel, Michael McLaughlin, minor children of Mark R. McLaughlin, residents of Cambria county, Pa., Mary Jane McLaughlin, widow of John McLaughlin, and her son Wm. J. McLaughlin, residents of Atchinson, Kansas; Mary and Francis Ann, minor children of said James McLaughlin, deceased, have for their guardian one Hiram Boyd Hoover, a resident of Cambria county, Pa.—Greeting:

You and every of you are hereby summoned to appear before the Judges of our Orphans' Court, to be held at Ebensburg, in and for said county, on the First Monday of June next, then and there to accept or refuse to take the real estate of the said Mark McLaughlin, dec'd, at the appraised valuation put upon it by an inquest duly awarded out of the said Court, and returned by the S

THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

Ebensburg, Pa.,

FRIDAY, - - MAY 10, 1878.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Here, There, and the Other Place.

—How about decoration day in Ebensburg?

—Our county jail has twenty-four inmates.

—Canned goods at Barker's, at the very lowest prices.

—Argument Court for Blair county will be held June 6th.

—The office of City Solicitor has been abolished in Altoona.

—Potatoes were sold in this place yesterday for fifteen cents per bushel.

—The transit of Mercury came off according to programme last Monday.

—New goods received every week at Barker's. Their sales are immense.

—Our town is sadly in need just now of a first-class circus and a champion base ball club.

—In the matter of Louis Wehn, bankrupt, of Johnstown, an order of sale has been made.

—Sun shades and fans at the very lowest prices, at Barker's. Keep cool and buy cheap.

—Butter only ten cents per pound and eggs eight cents per dozen. Who wouldn't live in Ebensburg?

—There was no opposition to the re-election of Prof. D. S. Keith as Superintendent of schools for Altoona.

—We hope it is not all in vain to hope that ere long the rain will dry up and give us good weather again.

—If you want to get a pure article of salt for dairy purposes, go to Barker's and you will find just what you want.

—A small fire on Sunday and one on Monday occurred in Johnstown, but the damages done in either case was trifling.

—A self-sealing fruit jar will be presented to every person who buys a pound of tea at the cheap cash store of A. A. Barker & Co.,

—The Republican county convention has been called for next Monday week. This looks like rushing things for somebody's benefit.

—We are receipt of another letter from P. M. Wolcslagle, Esq., dated Girard, Kansas, but it came too late for publication this week.

—J. A. Harrold, "Cambria county's greatest coroner," received three votes for School superintendent in Westmoreland county last Tuesday.

—Dr. Hoffman will be at Carrolltown on Wednesday next, May 15th. Look out for him if you want any old teeth out or any new teeth in.

—Mr. Isaac Davis, of the East ward, is prepared to supply all demands for cabbage and tomato plants at the most moderate prices. Give him a call.

—Judge Pearson thinks the stay law of last year a help to nobody, and a source of additional expense to everybody who has been subject to its provisions.

—Frost or no frost, the grass crop this year will be about the largest ever gathered in Cambria county, while the other crops could not give fairer promise.

—A youthful fifth amendment who answers to the name of Mickie caught the champion catfish of the season last Tuesday. It measured fifteen inches.

—J. H. Stephens has been re-elected Superintendent of schools for Blair county. Schwartz of the *Standard* was tendered the compliment of 20 votes for the position.

—What we presume to be an advertisement for Mr. S. Teitelbaum, of Carrolltown, has reached us without instructions, and for that reason has been held for further orders.

—Collonade Row is up in arms against the horse race, whose nightly visits to that favorite resort have a tendency to create an unhealthy demand for shovels, brooms and water.

—We had the pleasure of a visit Monday evening from an old time friend, Capt. John P. Suter, superintendent of the Pa. R. R. telegraph lines. Glad indeed to meet and greet him.

—A trip through north-eastern Cambria," furnished by an esteemed correspondent, has unavoidably been crowded out this week, but will if possible find a place in our next issue.

—Messrs. H. A. Boggs and Alex. Kennedy represent Cambria county in the panel of jurors drawn for the session of the U. S. District Court which began at Pittsburgh last Monday.

—Mr. Ormond Barrett, civil engineer, was in town this week on business connected with the oil pipe line. He says that that enterprise will be pushed to completion inside of two months.

—Our young friend, Dr. M. J. Buck, of Altoona, successfully performed the delicate surgical operation of removing the defect of a hair lip from a child of Mr. Joseph Durbin, of Loretto, a few days ago.

—A party of Altoonians, comprising a family of four, and three young men, have started overland for Kansas in two wagons, carrying edibles, cooking apparatus, farming utensils, etc., along with them.

—Indiana county has incendiaries who turn farms. John W. Snyder, of Canoe township, sustained the latest loss of this character, and James McGunder has been committed to jail to answer the charge.

—Our little five-year-old sends greeting to his generous namesake, Mr. *Joe H.* Gadd, of Wyandott, Kansas, and thanks him most sincerely for his recent kindly remembrance, not the first token of good will received from that source.

—Mr. Wm. Bendon, whose death is noted elsewhere, was for many years a sufferer from cancer, and submitted a few months ago to the amputation of an arm in the vain hope that the disease might be stayed and his life spared.

—Hon. D. J. Morrell, of Johnstown, accompanied by his daughter and Mrs. George Fritz, sailed from Philadelphia for Paris yesterday. They will be absent about six months, during which time Powell Stackhouse will act as General Manager of the C. I. Co.'s works.

—Miss Hannah Evans, sister of Dr. D.W. Evans, of this place, died in Clearfield township on Saturday last, aged about 48 years. Her funeral, which took place here on Tuesday, was one of the largest ever witnessed in this community.

—An ounce of prevention is better than a pound of cure. A dose of Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup will assist your baby in teething, and prevent it from being attacked by cholera infantum, colic, or other diseases babies suffer with. 25 cents.

—The ninth annual convention of the Cambria County Sabbath School Association will be held at East Conemaugh on Tuesday and Wednesday, May 28 and 29th. We have the order of exercises in type but want of space precludes their publication this week.

—It is counted on with certainty that Johnstown, like Ebensburg, will hereafter have no regularly constituted base ball club, for a junior nine of Altoona went over there last Saturday and effectally wiped out whatever of the national game was left, and didn't half try, either!

—An attempt to wreck the Fast Line east was made at a point near Latrobe last Sunday evening, but it was frustrated by the watchfulness of the engineer, Mr. Robert Kerr, who checked the train in time to avoid any evil consequences.

—Our reputation has been established at last. Friend Over, of the Hollidaysburg *Register*, calls us the "sweet singer of Ebensburg" and the "doggeral machine grinder of the *Freeman*." All we need now to make us superlatively happy is that title of price, you know.

—Those two notorious "Bugtown" worthies, Joe Dunlap and Mrs. Bealls, who have been fugitives from justice for some time past, were captured in McKean county this week and brought back to jail here yesterday. The charge brought against them this time is adultery.

—The total footing up of freight engineers and firemen recently discharged from the service of the Pennsylvania Railroad, on the Pittsburgh Division, is set down at twenty-eight. Several of the engineers had been in the employ of the company for a number of years.

—The telephone connecting Lloydsville, this county, with Bellwood, Blair county, is said to work like a charm. The distance is about seven miles and the sounds conveyed from one extreme to the other are represented to be quite distinct and intelligible.

—An exceedingly heavy rain storm visited us Tuesday night—the heaviest, according to reliable authority, for many years. If any rafts were left at the head waters of the Susquehanna subsequent to the other flood, they must certainly have succeeded in reaching market by this time.

—An interesting feature of the summer meeting of the Pennsylvania Editorial Association at Cresson, on the 17th of June, proximo, will be the delivery by Col. A. K. McClure, of the Philadelphia *Times*, of an address on "The newspaper press of Philadelphia—its mission and its influence."

—It required no less than four ballots to elect a County Superintendent in Huntingdon county. On the third ballot, all the candidates excepting Messrs. W. R. Baker and J. H. Brumbaugh having been withdrawn, the result was a tie—100 to 100. The fourth ballot showed 101 for the former to 99 for the latter.

—A lecture will be delivered at the Catholic church in this place on the evening of Decoration day, May 30th, by Rev. F. X. McCarthy, the eloquent pastor of St. Augustine's church, St. Augustine. The subject chosen is "Pio Nono," whose life and character Father McCarthy is well able to delineate.

—A young man well known in this community is said to have disappeared with a couple of hundred dollars entrusted to him by an Altoona produce dealer for the purpose of buying oats from the farmers of northern Cambria. The rumor lacks confirmation, however, and we trust there is no truth in it.

—Miss Lizzie Crawford, sister of Dr. D. R. Crawford, of Smicksburg, Indiana county, has fully recovered her sight after an operation for cataract, by Dr. Sadler, the oculist and aurist, No. 256 Penn avenue, Pittsburgh. She is a teacher and has accepted a position in the Orphans' Home at Dayton, Armstrong county, Pa.

—The post-office was removed from the Thompson store to the quarters it will hereafter occupy, a half dozen doors west of the Diamond, bright and early Monday morning. The office itself has been put in thorough repair, while the location is one of the best in town. We think the new deal will give general satisfaction.

—Farmers, do not forget that the Ebensburg Woolen Company are now ready to do all kinds of country work, such as carding, spinning, fulling and dyeing. Attention paid to country carding, which will be done on short notice and at the lowest prices. Get your wool in soon, for first come first served is the proper business motto.

—The Democratic committee of Blair county have declared for Dill for Governor and Africa for Secretary of Internal Affairs. A resolution instructing for Hopkins for Governor was defeated by an overwhelming majority. Messrs. Michael Fitzharris and Rowan Clarke were appointed Representative delegates, and Maj. W. G. Bayley Senatorial delegate.

—It is alleged that Samuel Wagoner, of East Conemaugh, forged the name of William Byars to a store order on Mr. John Thomas for $10, and persuaded a boy named Charles Colaugh to obtain the goods. Both parties are now in jail here and will be afforded an opportunity to explain what they know touching the matter at the June term of our county court.

—A grand opening of pattern hats, bonnets and other novelties in the millinery line will take place at Mrs. R. E. Jones' favorite establishment on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of next week. As Mrs. J. selects only the most stylish and elegant goods, the ladies may expect to find many things new, neat and very cheap in her present ample stock. Call early and get first choice.

—A turpentine tank exploded in Altoona, Thursday afternoon of last week, and so terribly burned Thomas Johnston, who was engaged at the time in cleaning it, that he died in great agony on the following morning, leaving a wife and four or five children. It is said that the unfortunate man was blown a considerable distance by the force of the explosion. His age was about 65 years.

—The Johnstown express had a narrow escape a few days ago, as we learn from the Huntingdon *Local News*, from being wrecked at Jack's narrows, near Mt. Union. Some of the passengers noticed a large rock coming down the mountain side with great force, and, quickly notifying the conductor, the train was stopped in time to avert what might otherwise have proved a terrible catastrophe.

—Sunday next will be the 168th anniversary of the first actual survey of the tract of land upon which Johnstown, Conemaugh borough and Millville are located. The tract embraces 249 acres. On the same day the tract on which Cambria borough is built was also surveyed. No formal recognition of the event will be had we presume, unless the preachers of the several boroughs named should make mention of it in their sermons.

—Wm. H. Connell, who is agent in this locality for the sale of the "Illustrated History of the World," is meeting with signal success in procuring subscribers to that work. He has already disposed of one hundred copies of the book in Ebensburg and Cambria township, and new names are being secured by him daily. This history is the best published, and it would be a good thing if every private library in the county contained a copy.

—A public dinner intended as a mark of esteem for Hon. D. J. Morrell, of Johnstown, and particularly in recognition of his distinguished services as chairman of the Executive Committee of the United States Centennial Commission, was tendered that gentleman previous to his departure for Europe at the Continental Hotel, Philadelphia, Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock. Gov. Hartranft was chairman of the committee having the details of the banquet in charge.

—The prices obtained for the lumber floated to market during the recent rise were for the most part anything but princely—in fact much less than the dealers had reason to anticipate—one raft, at least, which cost six cents per foot at the head of navigation having been sold for five cents. This and similar sacrifices was due of course to the fact that the market was glutted with lumber, and that some dealers were forced to sell at a loss in order to pay the expenses of the trip.

—Oh, he was a sweet young lithesome chap, and he moved with a tender grace, and a smile like the sweep of an angel's wing played over his fair young face. He smiled because he was the bearer to his family of the news that Myers & Lloyd are selling all kinds of dry goods, groceries, etc., at prices so low that whosoever desires may purchase with the assurance that they can get no better bargains anywhere. Make it your special business to call on them early and often.

—We note with sincere regret the death on Friday last, aged about 35 years, of a worthy and much esteemed citizen of Loretto, Mr. Miles Lacey, who for several months past had been afflicted with heart disease. This is the second sad bereavement of the kind that has occurred in the family within a few months, a brother of deceased having died some time last fall. In this case, as in the former, the remains were taken to Philadelphia for interment. May he rest in peace.

—As an evidence of what Kansas can do in the way of fruit culture, one of the best friends we have in the world, Mr. Joe H. Gadd, of Wyandott, in that State, has sent us two ripe cherries, a peach partially matured, a head of wheat, and a twig or two of either straw or June berries still in the blossom. Our esteemed associate of other days, when the people of Johnstown had we trust no reason to regret our presence amongst them, will please accept thanks for his continued and gratifying remembrance.

—Mr. Michael Thorn, and old and well-to do citizen of Hollidaysburg, died on last Friday afternoon, aged about 80 years. He was the step-father of our much esteemed friends, Charles and Thomas Hartzog, the latter of whom resides in Johnstown and has charge of the C. I. Co's. brick works at Cooperdale. Mr Thorn was much respected in his honesty and industry, and being ed for his honesty and the Catholic faith, he a devout believer in the last rites of the church was consoled by the last rites of the church on his death-bed. Interment on Sunday. May he rest in peace.

—A young man named Charles Seibert, who lived for a number of years with a family in Carroll township, but whose parents reside at Lloydsville, recently visited his home in that place and from thence went to Illinois in company with one of his brothers, the latter of whom returned the other day with the information that he woke up a few mornings ago and found the dead body of Charles lying in bed by his side. The disease which caused his death is said to have been small-pox, which in all probability he contracted at Lloydsville before his departure for the west.

—Spring has come, the delicate-footed May, with its slight fringes tipped with buds and flowers; and with it comes a wish to be away, wasting in woodlands the voluptuous hours. The advent of Spring also suggests a lighter style of clothing than has been worn for several months past, and to all who contemplate purchasing such, we take pleasure in recommending the popular store of Godfrey Wolff, next door to the post-office, Altoona. His stock of ready-made clothing is large, tasteful and elegant, and he who buys from him may depend upon getting full value for his money

—The appeal to the Supreme Court made on behalf of Martin V. Turner, who was convicted last fall in the Clearfield county court, Judge Orvis presding, of murder in the first degree, for shooting Mrs. Waples, his alleged paramour, near Osceola, was decided on Monday last at Harrisburg, the result being that the verdict was set aside and a new trial granted, on the ground that the court erred in submitting to the jury the question whether there was proof enough to show that the prisoner had manufactured evidence to prove an alibi, instead of instructing them to judge whether an alibi had or had not been clearly established.

—It may be gratifying to owners of land in this county to know that the Osceola *Reveille* classifies Cambria with the counties east of the Allegheny river in which oil will sooner or later be found. As described, the territory comprises Clearfield, Clinton, Jefferson, Cambria and Indiana counties, which is about what was comprehended in Mr. Platt's geological report to the State government. As to the Osceola test well, on which so many hopes are based, drilling continues, interrupted occasionally by the breaking of a cable or an intermission to permit the managers to explain why it is not in the nature of things that they should fail to strike it fat.

—In the account given by us last week of the sudden death in Barr township of Mrs. Springer, our information led us to say that the Sister of Charity who died so suddenly in Philadelphia was Mrs. Springer's sister. This was a mistake, the deceased having been daughter of the lady first named. Nor was it true that her death was caused by the news of her mother's demise, for she was dead before such tidings could have reached her, the letter conveying the sad intelligence having been forwarded to Philadelphia by one mail while a telegraph dispatch received from that city was sent from this place to Nicktown by the next mail. In all other respects the story published in our last issue was strictly true.

—Mr. E. F. Lytle, civil engineer of Altoona, has been engaged recently in surveying for Messrs. J. C. Martin & Co., of Portage, the route of a proposed railroad which is to intersect the Pennsylvania Central at Portage station, and run south through Cedar Swamp until it is eventually extended to connect with the Bedford road. If the enterprise should be pushed forward to completion a large body of coal, ore and timber land would be developed. Mr. Lytle states that as far as he has run the grades are light, and the road would not be an expensive one to build. In the Cedar Swamp there are several hundred acres of fine cedar which could be utilized if a railroad passed in the vicinity of the tract.

—In bidding adieu to Major John Thompson as postmaster of Ebensburg, we know we only re-echo the universal sentiment when we say that he and his two sons, James and Robert, were the most accommodating of public officials. Constantly on duty at all reasonable hours, and prompt to meet every demand made on their time or patience, they personally endeared themselves to all who transacted business through the office. But like many another good man who trod official paths, the Major's decapitation was considered a political necessity, and he went under, but not dishonorably. His successor has struck out bravely, and in the end it will be high praise to say of him that during his administration the standard of official excellence attained by his predecessor was fully maintained by himself.

—The convention of Directors to elect a Superintendent of Schools for the county of Cambria for the ensuing term of three years was held at the Court House, in this place, on last Tuesday afternoon, 158 Directors answering to their names. The salary of the Superintendent, as fixed by law, is $1,000 per year, and a motion to increase it to $1,200 per annum was negatived by a decisive vote. One candidate only, Prof. H. Berg, the present incumbent, was placed in nomination, and received the vote of all present excepting about a dozen, some of whom voted for whoever their fancy dictated, and others failed to vote at all. Mr. Berg, who has filled with entire satisfaction the office of Superintendent for three years, has just reason to feel proud of the marked compliment contained in his unopposed re-election.

—A young woman named Huldah Sape, a resident of Millville, has made information against two young men named Wm. Broderick and Chas. Boucher, whom she charges with an assault and the commission of an outrage upon her person while returning from church at Coopersdale about nine o'clock on Monday night last. John Boyle, Daniel Dimond, Edward Rodgers and James Kinney, young men residing in Millville and Prospect boroughs, have also been charged by Wm. Otto with assault and battery and an attempt to ravish his daughter Emma, aged about sixteen years. This latter offence is said to have been perpetrated on Sunday afternoon, the young scoundrels succeeding, if the story be true, in frightening a bevy of girls who were out walking in Taylor township and getting hands on the young lady named, whose outcries, however, soon brought assistance and prompted the villains to flee.

BREEDTOWN, CHERRYTREE TP., PA., January 28, 1875.

E. K. THOMPSON:—It is twenty-five years since I was hurt by the falling of a tree, injured my back, and at times I have been unable to dress myself without help, always having a pain in the small of my back. I blistered it a great many times and used a large number of plasters with only temporary relief. In the spring of 1874 I began taking your Barosma, or Buchu, Back-ache, Liver and Kidney Cure, followed with marked benefit. I have taken six bottles, which removed the excruciating pain. Words cannot express what I have suffered. I have not been as well in twenty-five years. The Barosma is worth more than gold, I take pleasure in testifying to its merits.

I. W. LIGHT.

Barosma is prepared by E. K. Thompson, Titusville, Pa. Price $1.00 per bottle. For sale by Lemmon & Murray, Ebensburg, Pa.

ENJOY LIFE.—What a truly beautiful world we live in! Nature gives us grandeur of mountains, glens and oceans, and thousands of means for enjoyment. We can desire no better when in perfect health; but how often do the majority of people feel like giving it up disheartened, discouraged and worried out with disease, when there is no occasion for this feeling, as every sufferer can easily obtain satisfactory proof that Green's August Flower will make them as free from disease as when born. Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint is the direct cause of seventy-five per cent. of such maladies as Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Costiveness, Nervous Prostration, Dizziness of the Head, Palpitation of the Heart, and other distressing symptoms. Three doses of August Flower will prove its wonderful effect. Try it. For sale by Lemmon & Murray, Ebensburg.

WANTED—By every one who has an intelligent conception of its value—Health. Health depends upon the possession of pure blood; and pure blood is the sure possession of those who use Dr. Bull's Blood Mixture, acknowledged as a superior blood purifier.

Local Correspondence.

CARROLLTOWN, May 7, 1878.

DEAR FREEMAN—With more than ordinary pleasure we this week note the wedding of Mr. Andrew Zollner and Miss Lucinda McCahan, which happy event was celebrated this morning at St. Benedict's church, Rev. Prior Amandus performing the ceremony. The groom, being one of the leading members of our silver cornet band, was complimented by the attendance of said organization at mass, during which several appropriate airs were rendered in excellent style. The best wishes of hosts of friends are with the happy young couple, and if the past is any criterion by which to judge the future, we are certain that their wedded life will be a long honeymoon of happiness. May it so prove is our sincere wish.

Our community was shocked and saddened yesterday on learning that a little boy named Harry Hoover, an adopted son of Mr. Simon Hoover, who is a son-in-law of Mr. Benjamin Wirtner, had been drowned. The little fellow, who was about two-and-a-half years of age, left his foster mother's presence only a few moments before the sad event, when, missing the child, she immediately went in search of him and found him lying in a pond of clear spring water, kept by Mr. Wirtner as a fish pond, in the rear of his residence. Every effort was made to resuscitate the little unfortunate, but all in vain—the doctor's skill could not recall him from his angel home. The deeply afflicted parents by adoption have the earnest sympathy of the entire community, who share in this grief at the loss of the bright and promising lad so dear to them.

The Carrolltown shaving and hair dressing saloon has been removed to the fine and well fitted rooms opposite the St. Lawrence Hotel, kept by Mr. L. Scroth. This institution is quite a convenience to the community and to strangers, and particularly so as Mr. Otto Glasser, the tonsorial artist is an adept in the business.

Under the skillful hand of Messrs. Fred. and George Snyder the foundation walls of the new school house in this place have almost reached completion, and the brick work will soon be commenced. It is needless to add that the stone walls are perfectly and substantially built, as the gentlemen named do nothing by halves.

The reference in your Carrolltown letter last week to the "new departure" in nursing was fully appreciated by quite a number of young gentlemen of this place, and from what we can understand it was generally endorsed as a movement, as no doubt it had previously been in practice. Yours, &c., SUB.

OBITUARY.

BENDON.—Died, in Gallitzin township, on Friday, May 3d, 1878, Mr. WILLIAM BENDON, aged about 75 years.

The deceased was a bachelor and an uncle of Mrs. Will. Connell, of this place. He was an esteemed and worthy citizen and an honest man. His funeral took place on Sunday morning at 9 o'clock and was one of the largest ever witnessed in that vicinity. Interment in the Catholic cemetery at Tunnel Hill after the usual rites of the Church had been performed and a funeral oration pronounced by Rev. Father Ryan. May his soul rest in peace.

PARRISH.—Died, at Gallitzin, on Friday, April 26, 1878, Mrs. MARY JANE, wife of F. J. Parrish, Esq.

The deceased was the eldest daughter of Mr. H. M'Connell, of Chest Springs, and was born August 15, 1837, and was, consequently, in the forty-first year of her age. Her life was in every sense that of a true Christian lady. Faithful in the performance of her religious duties, an obedient child, a loving wife, a fond mother, a steadfast friend and a generous neighbor, her death has caused a void in the community in which she lived, the affability of manner, her mildness and patience, were especially prominent traits of her character. The writer has it from one who is near and dear to him, and who, although not a relative of the deceased lady, loved her as a sister, and was, moreover, for a considerable time an inmate of her house, that she never saw Mrs. Parrish give way to anger or lose her patience. Although blessed with a worthy husband, whose correct habits of life gave her no cause of trouble, her married life was not without its afflictions, for sickness often entered her household, and death carried off several members of the family; yet she never repined, but calmly submitted her will to that of Heaven. In the training of their remaining children her efforts, with those of her worthy husband, were already signally blessed in their lovely boy and two girls God to their young souls; and it was her fond hope and prayer that she would live to see that good seed produce abundant fruit in their future lives. But it did not please the Disposer of all things to grant her request. Several months ago her already enfeebled constitution began to show a severe illness, from which she subsequently imagined she had rallied, only to be prostrated by a pulmonary disease which followed as a consequence on her first sickness; and seeing death inevitable she endeavored to prepare her soul for the last eventful moment, and, bidding adieu to all whom she held dear on earth, her soul calmly passed into the presence of her Judge, in the hope of hearing from His lips a favorable judgment and the assurance of a happy immortality. On Monday, 29th ult., her remains were conveyed to St. Patrick's church, on Tunnel Hill, where the venerable Father Ryan celebrated the Requiem Mass, and preached a forcible and eloquent sermon on the importance of endeavoring to save the soul, taking for his text the words of our Savior, "What doth it profit a man if he gain the whole world and lose his own soul," at the conclusion of which he asked the prayers of all present for the repose of the soul of her who had long been his faithful spiritual child. The services of the Church were then performed in succession, which, notwithstanding the unfavorable state of the weather, was an immense concourse of the sympathizing people of Gallitzin and vicinity, and was an honor to the good people of that place as well as a high tribute to the memory of the deceased, showing their respect to Summit, where all that was mortal of Mrs. Parrish was laid to rest by the side of her children in St. Aloysius' cemetery, to await the time when the trumpet of Gabriel shall summon her body to join the soul in a glorified immortality. And, although the death of our friend has brought sadness into a home where all was happiness, there was much more in her death to console than to afflict her family; for God, who measures the life of man upon earth, not by the number of his years, but by the amount of his good works, deemed meet in the life of His servant the completion of her mission in this world and in His love called her to enjoy the fruits of her labors in Heaven. J. M.

MERCANTILE APPRAISEMENT.

LIST OF RETAILERS OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC MERCHANDISE, as appraised in Cambria county for the year A. D. 1878:

Class.	License.	Class.	License.
ADAMS TOWNSHIP.			
14 Hiram Shaffer	$ 00	14 George Orris	$ 00
ALLEGHENY TOWNSHIP.			
14 William J. Buck	7 00		
BARR TOWNSHIP.			
14 Casper Leib	7 00		
BLACKLICK TOWNSHIP.			
14 Isaac Michaels	7 00		
CARROLLTOWN BOROUGH.			
14 A. A. Barker & Son	7 00	14 Maucher & Wenkler	7 00
14 John Buck	7 00	14 S. Teitelbaum	7 00
14 P. L. Eck	7 00	14 A. H. Haug	7 00
CAMBRIA BOROUGH.			
14 John Ryan	7 50	14 Joseph Stibech	7 00
14 John Kintz	7 00		
CONEMAUGH BOROUGH.			
14 John Stormer	7 00	14 Jacob Widman	7 00
14 Louisa Aaron	7 50		
CLEARFIELD TOWNSHIP.			
14 Cooper & Mellon	7 00	W. C. Lyon	7 00
CHEST SPRINGS BOROUGH.			
13 E. & H. Nutter	10 00	14 Cooper & Mellon	7 00
CHEST TOWNSHIP.			
14 Charles Langbein	7 00		
CROYLE TOWNSHIP.			
14 G. R. Stineman	7 00	14 J. D. Plummer	7 00
14 P.M.& J.Brown	7 00	14 S. J. Hill	7 00
COOPERSDALE BOROUGH.			
14 G. W. Stutzman	7 00		
EAST CONEMAUGH BOROUGH.			
14 P. F. Shaffer	7 00		
EBENSBURG BOROUGH.			
14 E. J. Mills	7 00	14 G. G. Owens	7 00
14 McLaughlin Bro. agents	7 00	14 Myers & Lloyd	7 00
14 D. E. Evans	7 00	14 R. J. Lloyd	7 00
14 D. W. Roberts	7 00	13 T. J. Lloyd	7 00
14 M. L. Oatman	7 00	13 A. A. Barker & Son	10 00
14 E. Roberts & Son	7 00	14 E. C. Parrish	7 00
14 Lemmon & Murray	7 00	14 J. P. Thompson	7 00
		14 Geo. Huntley	7 00
FRANKLIN BOROUGH.			
14 A. & J. L. Custer	7 00	14 Peter Rubritz	7 00
14 D. W. Coulter	7 00	14 S. C. Boles & Co.	7 00
14 Martin Custer	7 00		
GALLITZIN BOROUGH.			
14 T. J. Christy	7 00	14 Thos. Bradley	7 00
14 J. Troxell	7 00	14 M. Whitehead	7 00
14 D. C. Vandrew	7 00		
JOHNSTOWN BOROUGH.			
13 J. & H. Swank	10 00	13 Blough & Stutzman	7 00
14 W. Caldwell	7 00		
14 A. Metz	7 00	14 Fockler & Levergood	7 00
14 W. H. Levergood	7 00		
14 M. Walters	7 00	14 G. K. Shryock	8 00
14 Jacob Fend	7 00	14 Ch's Hochstein	7 00
14 S. R. Varner	7 00	14 A. M. Croyle	7 00
14 A. Pfeifer	7 00	14 J. H. Kintz	7 00
14 Kinney & Campbell	7 00	14 T. H. Brinker	7 00
14 G. H. Hohmann	7 00	14 John Hannan	7 00
13 John Thomas	10 00	14 Osborne & Coulter	7 00
14 J. Dibert & Son	7 00	14 Singer M'f'g Co.	7 00
14 C. O. Luther	7 00	14 A. D. Brinker & Bro	7 00
14 L. Baumer	7 00		
14 J. Q. A. Benshoff	7 00	11 T. G. Stewart & Co	15 00
14 Thos. McCann	7 00		
14 G. W. Moses	7 00	14 S. C. Bailey	7 00
14 T. McPherson	7 00	14 W. S. Jones	7 00
14 Mrs. L. Ramsey	7 00	14 Eben James	7 00
14 Geo. M. Hay	7 00	14 John M. Davis	7 00
14 Jerr. Hippie	7 00	14 C. T. Frazer	7 00
14 A. N. Wakefield	7 00	14 A Montgomery	7 00
13 L. Cohen	17 00	14 Christ. Kreger	7 00
14 Scott Dibert	7 00	14 W. Updegrave	7 00
14 G. E. Jacobs	7 00	14 Buntley & Fronheiser	7 00
14 A. Nathan & Bro	7 00	14 E. L. Edwards & Bro	7 00
14 J. A. McKinney	7 00		
14 G. Hoffman	7 00		

JOHNSTOWN BOROUGH.			
14 N. Snellenburg	7 00	14 J. Henderson	7 00
14 S. J. Hess	7 00	11 Geis, Foster & Quinn	15 00
14 T. & G. Gallagher	7 00		
14 L. Luckhardt	7 00	14 N. & C. A. Horne	7 00
14 G. Enyerzagt	7 00	14 Jas. J. Murphy	7 00
14 F. W. Kress	7 00	14 Chas. Kastner	7 00
14 Louther & Green	7 00	14 A. & A. Recke	7 00
14 Jacob Wild	7 00	13 F. W. Hay & Son	10 00
14 Emil Young	7 00	14 L. Leitenberger	7 00
14 A. Burgraff	7 00	14 George Heiser	7 00
14 Chas. S. Ruth	7 00	14 J. J. Replogle	7 00
14 Wm. H. Plack	7 00	14 S. Given	7 00
14 E. Zang	7 00	14 C. Detharbers	7 00
14 Gus. Bostard	7 00	14 David Creed	7 00
14 John Muller	7 00	14 W. W. Pike	7 00
14 Harry Wayne	7 00	14 L. T. Beam	7 00
14 C. R. Cover	7 00	14 Wm. Owens	7 00
14 H. Prichard	7 00	14 Geo. C. Orth	7 00
1 Wood, Morrell & Co	200 00	14 J. J. Williams	7 00
		14 Jacob Jacoby	7 00
JACKSON TOWNSHIP.			
14 David Simmons	7 00		
LORETTO BOROUGH			
14 J. E. Shields & Bro	7 00	14 A. J. Christy	7 00
14 W. W. McAteer	7 00	14 Wm. Litzinger	7 00
14 F. O'Friel	7 00	14 John Bradley	7 00
14 M. J. McDonald	7 00	14 M. A. Lacy	7 00
MILLVILLE BOROUGH.			
14 H. W. Given	7 00	14 G. W. Stutzman	7 00
14 John Williams	7 00		
RICHLAND TOWNSHIP.			
14 George Conrad	7 00		
SUMMITVILLE BOROUGH.			
14 Wm. M'Connell	7 00	14 John Egan	7 00
14 Jas. M. Gillin	7 00	14 John Riffel	7 00
TUNNELHILL BOROUGH.			
14 Jas. P. Murray	7 00	14 Patrick Smith	7 00
TAYLOR TOWNSHIP.			
14 S. P. Morrell	7 00		
WILMORE BOROUGH.			
14 John M'Colgan	7 00	14 J. Wolcslagle	7 00
14 H. B. Kephart	7 00	14 O. J. Evans	7 00
14 John Schroth	7 00		
WOODVALE BOROUGH.			
14 John B. Clark	7 00	14 W. H. Rosensteel	17 00
WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP.			
14 M. B. McLaughlin	7 00	14 Wm. Pringle, jr.	7 00
14 J. A. Maher	7 00		
14 C. & J. Lahey	7 00	14 Martin & Co	7 00
14 Eliz. Thompson	7 00	14 Sylv. McKenzie	7 00
WHITE TOWNSHIP.			
14 Jas. E. Palmer	15 00	14 J. C. Gates	7 00
14 J. S. M'Cartney	7 00	14 Geo. Walters & Son	7 00
14 A. H. Fiske & Co.	7 00		
YODER TOWNSHIP.			
14 Jacob Ream	7 00		

LIST OF RETAILERS OF SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS as assessed in Cambria county for the year 1878:

Class 5.	License.	Class 5.	License.
Allegheny Township.			
Mary McGough	$ 00		
Adams Township.			
Jacob Sproul	50 00		
Barr Township.			
Nicholas Lambour	50 00		
Carrolltown Borough.			
Andrew Haug	50 00	Lawr'ce Schroth	50 00
E. L. Binder	50 00		
Clearfield Township.			
Thomas Dunphy	50 00		
Chest Springs Borough.			
Adam Leiden	50 00	J. R. Litzinger	50 00
John Crouse	50 00		
Chest Township.			
Joseph Rhody	50 00	Thomas Ott	50 00
Conemaugh Borough.			
John Widmar	50 00	Michl. Mahey	50 00
Joseph Mentzer	50 00	Joseph Daily	50 00
H. Greenwood	50 00	Lawrence Reich	50 00
Cambria Borough.			
Edward Howe	50 00	Geo. Aigner	50 00
B. Fitzpatrick	50 00	Peter Roth	50 00
Henry Gore	50 00	Charles Beyle	50 00
Eliz. McDonald	50 00	M. Halloran	50 00
Croyle Township.			
Peter Brown	50 00	John Metzger	50 00
East Conemaugh Borough.			
Leonard Kist	50 00	David Balloon	50 00
Ebensburg Borough.			
John A. Blair	50 00	Thomas H Heist	50 00
Henry Foster	50 00	Michael Laterner	50 00
Franklin Borough.			
Peter Rubritz	50 00		
Gallitzin Borough.			
James Maulls	50 00	Albert Bender	50 00
Daniel Vandrew	50 00		
Johnstown Borough.			
John Fritz	50 00	John Coad	50 00
Carr	50 00	Michael Finegan	50 00
Philip Schantz	50 00	Henry Wilower	50 00
G. S. Shaffer	50 00	Jos. Shoemaker	50 00
Henry Von. Alt	50 00	Charles Kastner	50 00
Johnn Baab	50 00	C. Zimmerman	50 00
John V. Shaffer	50 00	Charles Kropp	50 00
August Banges	50 00	M. King	50 00
Adam Bierbaum	50 00	Henry Shaffer	50 00
Patr

Bushels in a Heap of Grain.

To prevent too much handling it is well to know how to measure grains in piles:

First rule. Throw up the piles into complete cones as high as the grain will permit. Measure accurately the slant height from base to apex, and multiply this length by itself. Measure the perpendicular height of the cone and multiply this length by itself. Subtract one of these sums from the other and multiply the remander by the height of the cone. From this a nount take one sixth of itself, and the remainder will be the number of bushels in the heap.

Second rule. Throw up the grain into as complete a cone as possible, having the base as nearly a circle as practicable. Then multiply the area of the base by the height of the cone and take one-third the product. This will give the number of cubic feet. From this deduct one-fifth of itself, and the remainder is the number of bushels.

The reasons of this rule are plain and simple. The base is a circle, and its area is found by multipiying the circumference by one fourth the diameter. The product resulting from multiplying this area by the height of the cone would give the contents of a cylinder; but a cone is one-third of a cylinder, having the same base and the same altitude, hence we take one-third of this product to find the cubic feet in a cone.

From this amount we deduct one-fifth of itself, because a bushel is nearly one-fifth larger than a cubic foot. Let us illustrate. Suppose you had a cone of shelled oats in your barn ten feet in diameter at the base. The circumference will be 31.50 feet, because this is about the relative length of the two lines, the diameter being taken as one, the circumference will measure 3,146. Now multiply 31½ (¼ the diameter) and we have 78¾ as the number of square feet in the base of the pile of oats whose diameter is ten feet. Now suppose the cone (pile of oats) to be four feet and a half high, ½ of this is 1½ feet. Multiply 78¾ by 1½ and we have 118⅛ cubic feet in the pile. Deduct one-fifth of this number, or 23⅝ from itself, and we have 94½ bushels of shelled oats in the pile, if ten feet in diameter at the base, four and a half feet high, and thrown up to a point.

If the pile is against the side of the house it will contain half that number of bushels. If in a corner it will contain one-fourth.

This system of measurement will be sufficiently accurate to estimate a crop so as to let the the farmer know about how much he has made. But if he is buying or selling, he should do both always by weight, as some *honest* men *may* have very large half bushel measures.

USEFUL HINTS.—Keep fresh lard in tin vessel.

Keep yeast in wood or glass.

Keep preserves and jellies in glass.

Keep salt in a dry place.

Keep vinegar in wood or glass.

Keep meal and flour in a cool, dry place.

Sugar is an admirable ingredient in curing meat and fish.

Lard for pastry should be used hard as it can be cut with a knife. It should be cut through the flour, nor rubbed.

Crusts and pieces of bread should be kept in an earthen jar, closely covered, in a dry, cool place.

In boiling meat for soup, use cold water to extract the juices. If the meat is wanted for itself alone, plunge in boiling water at once.

Broil steak without salting. Salt draws the juices in cooking; it is desirable to keep these in if possible. Cook over a hot fire, turning frequently, searing on both sides. Place on a platter, salt and pepper to taste.

To prevent meat from scorching during roasting, place a basin of water in the oven. The steam generated prevents scorching, and makes the meat cook better.

Beef having a tendency to be tough can be made very palatable by stewing gently for two hours with pepper and salt, taking out about a pint of the liquor when half done and letting the rest boil into the meat. Brown the meat in the pot. After taking up make a gravy of the pint of liquor saved.

You can get a bottle or barrel of oil off any carpet or woolen stuff, by applying dry buckwheat plentifully and faithfully. Never put water to such a grease spot, or liquid of any kind.

LOOKING GLASSES IN RAT TRAPS.—A correspondent writes: "I do not think it is generally known that rats and mice will go into a trap much more readily if a piece of looking glass is put in any part of the trap where they can see themselves. They are social little creatures, and where they can see any of their tribe they will go. I am quite sure of the effects the looking glass has, as I properly baited my trap for a whole week without being able to coax one of the depredators in; but the first night after putting in the looking glass I caught two—one very large and one small rat; and, every night since, this device has made one or more prisoners."

RELIEF FOR EARACHE.—Persons will find relief for earache by putting in a spoon two or three drops of sweet oil, or better still, almond oil, and the same of molasses and laudanum, warming it altogether. Absorb some of the mixture in cotton wool, put it in the ear with a piece of wool outside to keep out the cold air; repeating the thing if necessary. A roasted onion heart dipped in this and surrounded with the cotton is also very efficacious.—[*B. R. J., Jackson, Wisconsin.*

That old Brick Building at 6th and Market in Philadelphia where Wanamaker and Brown STARTED to earn a good name by making ONLY Real Good Clothing is this year "Full and running over" with that kind of Clothing that Men and Boys may = DEPEND ON Please Call W&B OAK Hall.

SHOPPING BY MAIL.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER desire to make known to consumers who find it inconvenient to visit the city every time DRY GOODS are needed, that our Mail Order Department is so perfected that shopping may be done while sitting comfortably at home as satisfactorily as at our counters.

All that is necessary is to address to us a letter mentioning the kind of goods desired, and SAMPLES to select from will be immediately forwarded. Orders are filled at the identical prices for which the goods are that day sold over the counters. The expense, trouble and fatigue of going to the city are avoided and the goods are selected from as choice an assortment as would be inspected were our establishment visited in person.

For years we have made this peculiar branch of the Dry Goods business a favorite study, and the success of our MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT is attested by the fact that an order is rarely filled without making a permanent customer of the person ordering. Every order, be it for a yard of muslin or a wedding trousseau, meets with the most careful and prompt attention.

SAMPLES of all kinds of DRY GOODS, SILKS, DRESS GOODS, PRINTS, LINENS, FLANNELS, CLOTHS, etc., with *widths* and *prices* correctly marked, promptly forwarded on application.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER,

N. W. COR. EIGHTH AND MARKET STREETS,

PHILADELPHIA.

GEIS, FOSTER & QUINN,

113 and 115 Clinton Street, Johnstown,

ALWAYS HAVE THE

LARGEST AND CHEAPEST STOCK OF

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, MILINERY, CARPETS, ETC.,

TO BE FOUND IN CAMBRIA COUNTY.

Don't Forget the Street and Number.

REMOVAL.

WHOLESALE.

BOOTS and SHOES.

GILL & BROTHER,

PITTSBURCH, PA.,

Have removed from their former stand, four doors below, to the elegant, large, four-storied, well lighted warehouse,

No. 245 Liberty Street,

Corner of 8th St., facing head of Wood, and are now daily receiving goods. Have now one of the LARGEST SPRING STOCKS of BOOTS and SHOES IN THE MARKET, which will be sold at bottom prices.

N. B.—Orders solicited and promptly attended to. Eastern bills duplicated. [4-19, 2m.]

NOTICE TO CONSUMERS

—OF—

LORILLARD TOBACCO!

The great celebrity of the TIN GTA TOBACCO has caused many imitations thereof to be put on the market. We therefore caution all Chewers against purchasing such imitations.

All dealers buying or selling other plug tobacco bearing a hard or metallic inlet render themselves liable to the penalty of the law, and all persons violating our trade mark are punishable by fine and imprisonment. SEE ACT OF CONGRESS, AUG. 14, 1-76.

The genuine LORILLARD TIN TAG TO BACCO can be distinguished by a TIN TAG on each lump with the word LORILLARD stamped thereon.

Over 7,088 tons tobacco sold in 1877, and nearly 3,000 persons employed in factories.

Taxes paid government in 1877, about $3,500,000, and during past 12 years, over $30,000,000.

These goods sold by all jobbers at manufacturer's rates.

☞ The Tin Tag Smoking Tobacco is "second to none" in aroma, mildness, purity and quality. April 12, 1878 3m.

LEATHER

—AND—

RUBBER BELTING

RUBBER HOSE; RUBBER PLUMBAGO, ASBESTOS, EMERY AND HEMP PACKING; LACE LEATHER, ENGINE OILS,

And Mill Supplies Generally.

WAREHOUSE and OFFICE,

No. 108 Water Street, Pittsburgh.

THORP & CO.

March 22, 1878.-1y.

GEO. M. READE, *Attorney-at-Law*, Ebensburg, Pa. Office on Centre street, three doors from High street. [5-27, '75.]

Messrs. EDITORS:

As we were connected with

Dr. QUINCY A. SCOTT'S

Dental Establishment!

AT THE TIME HIS

CENTENNIAL SPECIMENS

Were manufactured, we state positively that those elegant Dental Specimens which received the

CENTENNIAL MEDAL and DIPLOMA

WERE MADE BY

DR. QUINCY A. SCOTT

And his assistants. And we desire also to state that we have been in many dental offices, and have seen dentistry in all its phases, but have never seen work turned out anywhere to equal that made at

278 Penn Avenue,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

We do not think it necessary, but we also wish to endorse

Dr. Quincy A. Scott

As a gentleman, upright and honorable in all social and business relations.

DR. JOHN SCOTT, DR. W. H. PERRY,
DR. JOS. GRAHAM, JOHN K. AHL,
ALL OF PITTSBURGH, PA.

JAMES WILKINSON, H. T. O'FRIEL,

WILKINSON & O'FRIEL,

MANUFACTURERS OF

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC MARBLE!

Loretto, Pa.

☞ Work executed promptly and satisfactorily, and as cheap as the cheapest. (4-12—tf.)

TREASURER'S SALE

—OF—

Unseated Lands and Lots

In Cambria County, A. D. 1878.

I, N. J. FREIDHOFF, Treasurer of Cambria county, in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in pursuance of several Acts of Assembly of said Commonwealth, directing the time and manner of selling Unseated Lands for taxes, do hereby give notice that the following described tracts of Unseated Lands and Lots of Ground in the said county of Cambria, or such parts thereof as may be necessary to pay arrearages of taxes due thereon for one year or more, will be offered for sale, at the Court House in the borough of Ebensburg, on the **Second MONDAY, being the 10th day of JUNE next,** and continue by adjournment from day to day until the whole be sold for such arrearages of taxes and costs necessarily accruing thereon.

Unseated Lands—1876 and 1877.

ADAMS TOWNSHIP.

Acres.	Per.	Owners or Warrantees.	Tax.
160		Martin M'Donald	$ 16 32
400		Martin M'Donald	40 80
173		William Nicholls	17 65
433	40	Robert Ross	44 17
401		Jacob Clement	40 90
400		John Williams (Smith)	40 80
259		John Williams	26 46
245	54	John Riley	27 47
400		Henry Rice	40 80
400		Ferdinand Gordon	40 80
120		George B. Stineman	21 60
81		D. T. Storm (Thos. Smith part)	11 16
369		Ebenezer Brennhour	30 54

BARR TOWNSHIP.

108		John O'Harra (Thos. Edwards' part)	12 69
		James C. Fisher.	
100		George Harrison	7 25
40		George Harrison	90
100	105	Thomas Duncan	9 50
205	105	James Town	25 06
83		William Brady	6 64
203		William McCay	19 00
140		E. Shoemaker	16 45
50		Frederick Adams	4 50

BLACKLICK TOWNSHIP.

James C. Fisher.

108		John Fleming	15 33
50		Robert Fleming	7 10
45		Henry Sharner	6 39
25		Simon Snyder	8 55
35		John M'Cauley	4 95
100		George Slough	14 20
50		John Ross	7 10
84		William Lyon	11 93
85		John Graff	12 07
40		Flavel Brown	5 68
80		Adam Reighard	11 36
		Ann Bloodgood.	
162		Sebastian Graff	19 31
100		Jacob Slough	14 20
		Charles H. Brady.	
300		Jacob Pressinger	53 40
395		Paul Labo	59 56
137		Daniel Lewis	19 44
		Abram Kern's estate.	
150		John Tilford	9 36
130		Thomas Davis	18 20
37		Henry Campbell	3 92
80		Henry Campbell	8 64
50		Gabriel Bechtel (Snyder tract)	7 10
100		Daniel and John Davis	10 60
150		Emanuel Brallier	15 90
169		Stewart & Stoughton	22 52
115		Mary Evans	14 14
515		Mary Evans	26 84
40		Samuel Wilson	2 88
42		Capt. John Wilson	2 24
97		John Davis	13 67
		Jeremiah Mosher.	
100		George Rex	35 80
		Jacob Mrs. Smith	
134		George Rex	9 59
434		George Rex	45 56
160		John Lamereaux	11 20
343		Emanuel Brallier	17 50
7	112	William Cameron	49

CARROLL TOWNSHIP.

John G. Mills.

25	80	John Hoops	3 10
		Ruth McConnell's heirs.	
108		James Hoops	19 87
90		J. C. & Sebastian Luther	17 76
48		John Weber	10 60

CAMBRIA TOWNSHIP.

18		Andrew Lewis	2 04
		James C. Fisher.	
80		William Burnhamer	9 12
25		John Boyd	2 85
		Andrew Duff.	
50		William Linton	5 10
		John Brown.	
100		Rees J. Lloyd	11 40
174		John Morgan	21 97
100		Johnston Mrs.	12 85
152		Edward Mathews	13 19
106		John J. Evans & Co	21 19

CHEST TOWNSHIP.

George D. Morgan.

336	120	William Parker	32 28
300		William Parker	27 00
470	44	Anthony Simons	84 07
452	44	Nathan Loughborough	84 07
321	52	Thomas Ketland	59 71
201	63	Thomas Masters	37 32
147	28	John Ketland	31 74
		Ruth McConnell's heirs.	
391	64	Charles Pope	48 48
225	68	George Pole	41 85
332	37	Joseph Pope	51 66
212	44	Samuel Ruth	46 22
168	132	George Gilson	36 29
110	132	Henry Seely	18 60
144	57	Samuel Peters	16 62
319	157	Hugh Hoops	59 35
382	108	John Pope	71 05
216	163	James Hoops	133 92
209	144	George Hoops	25 92
124	121	Nathan Foster	28 06
187	139	Henry Foster	12 40
50		James Foster	7 4
35	48	Peter Boardman	4 5
		Mary Rhodes	
109		Melchor Randerhill	20 97
72		Joseph Pope, part of	17 86
200		Andrew Weaver	40 00
389		William Gray	84 24
433	153	Joseph Gray	54 60
530		Jas. Foster & George Gilson	200 40
405	106	James Ruth	88 29
279		Finney, Barrows & Co	60 19
127		William Parker	23 62
135	134	Henry Phillips	27 63
156	137	Simon Walker	29 02
172	139	John Hoops	21 33

CLEARFIELD TOWNSHIP.

223	154	William Barton	28 89
223	154	Ezekiel Farmer	28 89
116		William Tilton	14 28
25		John Mitchel	3 10
188		Lewis Wolf	23 31
100		William Brady	12 40
330		Jesse Bush	40 92
433	153	Jonathan Lewis	53 69
200		Patrick Kelly	24 80
200		Patrick Smith	24 80
60		Mark McGuire	7 44
150		Celestine McMullen	15 32
168		Morris Wolf	20 83
330		Henry Wolf	40 92
110		Joseph Davis	13 64
400		Henry Davis	49 60
410		Morris Davis	50 84
200		Jesse Hoops	24 80
400		Ibell & Blair	91 39
400		Joseph Harris	43 20
144		E. R. Dunegan	17 86
168		James Hoops	13 29
223	154	John Fisher	41 29
40		John Mease	6 64
433		John Harrison	54 09
200		James Dryson	36 80
218½		Joseph Cooper	1 99
25		Philip Cooper	3 85
169		Calvin & Ranstead	69 29
14		Riley & Sargeant	2 58
278		Thomas Patterson	80 89
50		Felix McGuire	5 90
100		P. & A. Flynn	21 80
203½		John Montgomery	2 61
336		James E. McGough	30 24
3		Albert Ivory	27
212		Michael Dunegan	9 00

CONEMAUGH TOWNSHIP.

77		James Burk	17 89
10		S. H. Smith	96
200	126	Richard Shryock	52 80
280		Daniel Nevin	44 88

CROYLE TOWNSHIP.

11	99	Samuel S. Paul	2 97
7		P. M. & J. Brown	1 73
34		P. M. & J. Brown	8 50
72		Isaac Paul	8 92
9		George Heater	54
18		John Lovett	1 08
		Lot No. 1—John Lovett	30
		Lot No. 3—Ann M. Balen	69
		Lot No. 4—Ann M. Balen	42

GALLITZIN TOWNSHIP.

190		Aaron Bowen	50 16
100		William McDonagle	26 00
259		Mifflin Hanan	68 64
75		Mary Hanan	17 46
50		Nicholas Bell	12 40

JACKSON TOWNSHIP.

100		John Cunningham	13 00
385	105	Thomas Morris	49 00
194		Robert Morris	26 44
109		John White	14 10
92		Paul Baltz	12 48
300		Mathias Slough	40 80
255		John Holtby	34 08
24		Thomas White	6 24
25		Daniel Geoghnour	3 40
138		Daniel Leavy	18 92
413		William Morris	42 98
208		Isaac Bonser	28 32
188		Daniel Farley	19 04
42		Alexander Hunter	4 32
184	39	Jasper Ewing	22 82
89		James Keen	11 04
413	96	John Simpson	63 31
440		Van Camp Bush	42 98
293		John Wigton	39 84
70		Samuel Brallier (Pearson)	9 52
70		David M. Pringle	7 38
100		Samuel White	9 40
300		Andrew White	28 20
200		Daniel Black	28 20
300		John Black	28 20
300		Andrew Black	28 20
300		David Black	28 20
50		William H. Sechler	3 40

SUMMERHILL TOWNSHIP.

440		William Smith, D. D	27 28
370	40	Israel Jones	42 94
100		Wilson Hunt	6 20
93		Ebenezer Branham	5 99
130		H. & C. Zellers	8 06

STONYCREEK TOWNSHIP.

117		Brawley & Morley	8 25
43		Ed. Geoghnour estate	3 00
30		Peter Horner	3 00
30		George McLain estate	3 00
10		S. H. Smith	30

SUSQUEHANNA TOWNSHIP.

87		William Cook	3 65
132		Peter Blight	13 07
144	118	William Campton	14 36
97		William Campton	9 50
242		James Thompson	29 95
150		Joseph Thomas	92 40
146		S. W. Fisher	14 45

TAYLOR TOWNSHIP.

30		Henry Sargent	3 72
84		John S. Goughnour	14 84

WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP.

81		Thomas Jackson	15 28
439		George Gutwald	21 72
400		J. R. McFarlane	87 20
400		Richard Constantine	57 20
252		Simon Roop	22 60
176		Henry L. Patterson	16 34
200		F. George	18 60
3761		Arent Sonman	540 51
90		Geo. & Alexander Buchanan	11 84
50		S. B. Lemon	3 10

WHITE TOWNSHIP.

302		Simon Walker	49 68
400		Henry Philips	66 00
65	70	William Lambert	10 73
333		John Martin	54 96
100		Joseph Hutchison	16 50
433	153	Robert Atkins	71 46
217		John Thompson	14 36
120		William Coats	19 80
60		Frederick Doersh	9 90
263		James Wilson	43 35
102	109	William George	17 83
200	7	Abe Witmer	59 40
47		Jeremiah Musser	8 08
98		Jacob Kring	16 16
25		Walter, Nutter & Dillon	4 13
70		Henry Such	11 75
433		Patrick Stroud	106 66
445		Alexander Brown	88 10
415		Thomas Brown	83 41
200		William Harris	57 42
445		John Harris	88 10
446		James Reed	73 57
200		—— Thompson	33 00
200	153	Frederick Molyneaux	49 85
140		John Barron, Jr	23 10
216	156	Henry Phillips	49 50
433	153	Simon Walker	100 65
36		Patrick Donahoe	5 96
174	108	Thomas Sanburn	28 52
433	163	Martin Bush	71 46
433	163	Morris Such	68 48
100		Joseph Beresland	16 50
393		Thomas Canby	64 86
221	19	John Craig	43 76
187		Frederick Molyneaux	30 99
100		David Jackson	16 50
100		Henry Kemple	16 50
200		William Barton	39 60
30		McFarland & Dillon	7 80
455	136	Thomas Sanburn	85 19
170	93	Simon Walker	45 82
384	106	Henry Phillips	88 71
240		Calvin & Ranstead	68 74
111		Charles McGough	10 99
433		J. M. Troxell & G. L. Glasgow	71 46
250		Garret Cottinger	47 85
109		William M. Lloyd	25 18
487		William M. Lloyd	160 72
40		Matthew Cowen	2 97
60		Wilm. Sargent	3 90
100		Andrew Epley	10 50
90		William Smith	14 95
70		David Jackson	11 55
50		Garret Cottinger	8 25
150		Samuel H. Smith	24 75
118		Langbein & Thomas	15 57
75		John Statler, sr	4 14
12		Phil H. Edmiston	1 62
70		Mrs. S. E. Burns	4 95
70		Mrs. S. E. Burns	4 95
25		John Brown	2 48
63		Part of J. Brown & W. Spade	6 26

YODER TOWNSHIP.

26		John Brown	1 17
146		George Gates	12 52
390		George Funk & Thos. Vickroy	34 40
132		Part of Steel tract	12 34
400		George Gates, Collins tract	19 20
409		George Gates, Crook tract	37 20
60		Gregss, Cobick & Sharp	6 38
50		Joseph Gates	2 25

Seated Lands and Lots.

Also, at the same time and place will be sold the following seated lands and lots of ground on which taxes remain unpaid, and which have been returned to the Commissioners agreeably to the Act of Assembly of April 20th, 1874.

ADAMS TOWNSHIP.

Ac's.	H's.	Lots.	Names of Owners.	Tax.
400			James Baretoot	$10 50
1230			Cambria Coal & Iron Co	95 91
40			Wm. H. Fye	1 26
550			Getty & Co	10 65
38			David Horner & Jno. Fye	90
100			John Lovett	8 91
58			Thomas Keelen	1 45
120			Samuel Pehly	7 73
56			Henry Dunmire	1 63

ALLEGHENY TOWNSHIP.

54			Joseph Fay	9 30
	1	1	Mary Jane Kelly	7 56
1			Samuel Wall	5 04
1			Joseph Todd's estate	2 92
	1		James Bradley	63
74			Michael Kelly	6 64
10			Matthew Kane	1 01
	1		James McDermott	47
	1		Margaret McMullen	63

BARR TOWNSHIP.

50			Isaiah Banner	7 77
30			Bernard Donahoe	3 27
10			Jacob Keith	74
27			David Kantz	3 56
	1	1	Cordelia Young	38
174			Alex. B. Irvin	6 04
25			Jacob L. Keith	63
188			Agetus Levy	17 45
50			Wm. McDonald, sr	1 54
10			A. Stinebiser	42
50			James Thompson	2 52

BLACKLICK TOWNSHIP.

103			John Cconselman & J. Bindline	14 68
90			Wm. McCombie	17 53
100			Ann Owens	17 94
589			Mulfort & Alters	163 66
10			Benj. Gilmartrick	39
72			G. M. Reade & J. Moore	12 46
300			John Yant	3 40
			George Rex	63 84
	1	1	Joseph Williams' estate	2 26

CAMBRIA TOWNSHIP.

5			James H. Davis	6 78
1075			G. L. Lloyd's estate	40 14
975			G. L. Lloyd's estate	44 57
65			Thomas Platt	4 09
4			F. P. Tierney	2 92
6			Catharine Todd	4 20
6			Wm. Tibbott	1 01
6			James Williams	1 01
280			Geo. & Joshua Berkey	19 09
54			Geo. Berkey & Bro	14 85
425			Owen Cunningham	12 43
25			David H. Evans' estate	1 23
8¾			Richard Jones (tanner)	1 38
14			Joseph McDonald	2 47
145			John & David Rorabaugh	6 30
7			Benj. Vaughn	1 30
65			Daniel Murphy	3 76
7			Wm. Linton	98

CAMBRIA BOROUGH.

	1	1	John Cox	10 28
	1		Philip Doyle	88
	1		Felix Doyle	1 50
	1		John Kern	5 09
	1		James Roberts	3 78
	½		S. H. Watson	

CARROLL TOWNSHIP.

9			Philip Baker's estate	2 52
48			John Weber	1 75

CHEST TOWNSHIP.

100			Blanchard & Co	61 20
111			Blanchard & Co	20 08
59			Urlah Lloyd	34 70
63			Jacob Nagle's estate	7 09
	1	1	James & Jos. Dougherty	1 26
160			John Hipsh	7 04
41			Andrew Hinch	1 87
194			John & H. Mellon	8 82
50			John & H. Mellon	4 99
50			John & H. Mellon	4 98
66			Abe Noel	4 70
85			Abe Noel	1 60

CLEARFIELD TOWNSHIP.

215			Leather & Lloyd	28 04
336			Moore Simpson	51 50
200			A. L. Holliday	32 00
10			William McGuire	1 50
83			Daniel Lichtner's estate	8 30
100			Lake McGuire, Jr	2 60
150			John J. Krise	26 90
137			Rosella Litzenager	5 18
2¾			Joseph Hogue	25
41			Reade & Tudor	3 28
212			Michael Dunegan	8 15
50			Francis Durbin	4 42

CHEST SPRINGS BOROUGH.

2			William Becher	51
	1		Samuel Kelly	1 89

CONEMAUGH TOWNSHIP.

5¾			L. B. Cobick	5 04
6			L. B. Cobick	79
5			Michael Downey	1 24
1¾			Nicholas Knorr	1 26
30			Peter Horner	2 28
	1		John Parke	2 25

CONEMAUGH BOROUGH.

	1		Geo. Parkison, 1st ward	1 50
	1		Mrs. Aikins, 2d ward	2 36
	1	1	C. Bittinger, 2d ward	3 78
	1		A. Kopelin's est., 2d ward	14 00
	1		James Potts, 2d ward	20 53
	1		Daniel O'Neal, 1st ward	2 84
	1	1	Martin McDonald, 2d w'd	14 04

CROYLE TOWNSHIP.

50			John Betts	3 15
150			Cambria Coal & Iron Co	62 97
	1		John Gillespie	25
9			John Heater	2 10
	1		John Heater	39

CROYLE TOWNSHIP.

	1	1	Patrick McCall	2 84
	1	1	Warren M. Parks	2 05
63			Solomon Need	5 14
219			J. C. Stineman	15 50
213			J. C. Stineman	13 30
	1		Jacob Pringle	58
248	1	1	David B. Wilson	1 29
			John Riley	41 67
	1	1	Samuel Swartzentrover	1 74
	1	1	Sylvanus Reynolds	2 77
	1	1	Charles Prosser	1 74
		1	Jacob Murphy	80

EBENSBURG BOROUGH

		1	John Yahner, West ward	63
	1	1	Thomas Todd, West ward	4 64
	1	1	H. W. & J. M. Wetherhill	6 36

GALLITZIN TOWNSHIP.

149			Rody Bradley's est	13 41
35			William Decker	4 63
2			James L. Gwin	2 04
1¾			George McGovern	80
1			Michael Dimond's est	19
400			Thomas Gorman	52 92
1¾			Allen Henry	38
	1	2	Charles McHugh	1 27

GALLITZIN BOROUGH.

		1	Mrs. Mary Coyle	1 55
		2	Mrs. Agnes Fox	4 75
	2	1	John McHugh	3 36

JACKSON TOWNSHIP.

200			F. P. Brown	29 28
31			Hiram Beard	2 80
37			Abe Brown	3 17
110			Johnthan Clevenger	13 86
90			Jacob Geoghnour	7 94
100			Thomas Moore	17 60
10			Richard Walker	53
50			Joseph Walker	3 20
52			David Constable	3 59
	1	1	John Myers	1 51
165			Philip Pringle	16 39
339			John Weatrode	12 81
108			William F. Harding	15 80
50			Nathan Wales	1 26
71			Levi Grove	6 84
96			John Lloyd	4 72

JOHNSTOWN BOROUGH.

	1		Birely & Grubb, 3d ward	4 20
	2		John Porter, 3d ward	12 69
	1		A. J. Haws, 6th ward	50
	2		Lewis Morris, 6th ward	1 00
	1		Wm. Marlow, 6th ward	63
	1		James Simmons, 6th ward	50

LORETTO BOROUGH.

3¾			Bernard Kelly	44

MUNSTER TOWNSHIP.

100			Samuel Calvin	26 91
100			John Noel	26 99
27			August Glass	1 58

PROSPECT BOROUGH.

	1	1	William Charlton	8 96
	1	1	Honora Murray	4 97
	1	1	Bernard McGuire	6 84
	1		James McFall	38

RICHLAND TOWNSHIP.

109			John Stork	8 06
30			Fred. Kring	73

SU